COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF WASHINGTON COUNTY Financial Statements and Supplemental Schedules Together with Report of Independent Public Accountants

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012



JUNE 30, 2012

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

County Commissioners of Washington County Hagerstown, Maryland

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County Commissioners of Washington County, Maryland (the County), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We did not audit the financial statements of the Board of Education of Washington County. Those financial statements were audited by another auditor whose report thereon has been furnished to us, and our opinion, insofar as it relates to the amounts included for the component unit presentation of the Board of Education of Washington County, is based on the report of the other auditor.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit and the report of the other auditor provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, based on our audit and the report of the other auditor, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County, as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the management's discussion and analysis, the required supplementary information and the budget and actual schedules as listed in the accompanying table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We and the other auditors have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with evidence sufficient to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund statements, local management board schedule of revenue and expenditures- regulatory basis and local management board schedule of earned reinvestment are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Hunt Valley, MD October 22, 2012 S& + Company, If C

June 30, 2012

Washington County Government's (the "County") discussion and analysis is designed to: (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the County's financial activity, (c) identify changes in the County's financial position (it's ability to address the next and subsequent years' challenges), (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget), and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes and currently known facts please read it in conjunction with the County's financial statements presented herein.

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains 4) supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

1) Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private business. The government-wide financial statements include a *statement of net assets* and a *statement of activities*.

- ☐ The *statement of net assets* presents information on the County's entire assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.
- The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of these financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) and activities from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities).

- □ The *governmental activities* of the County include education, general government, parks and recreation, public safety, courts, health and social services, and highway maintenance.
- □ The *business-type activities* of the County include airport, public golf course, public transit, solid waste, and water quality operations.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the County (known as the primary government), but also include the Washington County Board of Education as a legally separate component unit and is reported separately from financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

2) Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into categories: *governmental*, *proprietary*, or *fiduciary*.

June 30, 2012

2) Fund Financial Statements (continued)

□ Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The County maintains eleven individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General, Capital Improvement, Community Partnership, Foreign Trade Zone (no reported activity), Inmate Welfare, Contraband, Agricultural Education, Gaming, Land Preservation, HEPMPO, and Hotel Rental Tax.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its governmental and proprietary fund budgets.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-20 of this report.

□ Proprietary Funds. When the County charges customers for a service it provides, whether to outside customers or to other units of government, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities. Proprietary funds are comprised of two types: 1) Enterprise funds and 2) Internal service funds. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its airport, public golf course, public transit, solid waste, and water quality operations. Internal service funds are used to report an activity that provides supplies and services for the government's other programs and activities. The County does not utilize an internal service fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21-23 of this report.

□ *Fiduciary Funds*. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is similar to proprietary funds.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 24-25 of this report.

3) Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 26-81 of this report.

June 30, 2012

4) Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the County's progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its employees and includes budgetary comparison schedules for the general fund.

In addition to this MD&A, required supplementary information can be found on page 82-96 of this report.

Financial Analysis on Government-Wide Financial Statements

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the County, assets exceeded liabilities by \$612.7 million as the close of the most recent fiscal year.

Washington County, Maryland Net Assets

(Government-Wide)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities		Total		Total Percen Change
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	,
Current and other assets	\$ 137,665,529	\$ 138,556,357	\$ 63,359,844	\$ 72,797,850	\$ 201,025,373	\$ 211,354,207	-5%
Capital assets	412,970,049	424,970,363	257,859,858	262,902,280	670,829,907	687,872,643	-2%
Total Assets	550,635,578	563,526,720	321,219,702	335,700,130	871,855,280	899,226,850	-3%
Current and other liabilities	31,380,775	30,689,527	15,716,159	17,331,940	47,096,934	48,021,467	-2%
Long-term liabilities	125,840,266	121,718,381	86,262,137	97,155,594	212,102,403	218,873,975	-3%
Total Liabilities	157,221,041	152,407,908	101,978,296	114,487,534	259,199,337	266,895,442	-3%
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	357,986,070	372,712,454	218,772,508	214,299,925	576,758,578	587,012,379	-2%
Restricted Net Assets	18,184,914	15,838,952	13,798,381	14,378,508	31,983,295	30,217,460	6%
Unrestricted Net Assets	17,243,553	22,567,406	(13,329,483)	(7,465,837)	3,914,070	15,101,569	-74%
Total Net Assets	\$ 393,414,537	\$ 411,118,812	\$ 219,241,406	\$ 221,212,596	\$ 612,655,943	\$ 632,331,408	-3%

The largest portion of the County's net assets reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, roads, and bridges); less related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets in the amount of \$576.8 million. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the County's net assets (\$31.9 million) represent resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets (\$3.9 million) may be used to meet the County's obligations to citizens and creditors.

Unrestricted net assets in governmental activities have been reduced by \$49.6 million in long-term debt, resulting in unrestricted net assets of \$17.2 million. This long-term debt was incurred by the County's general fund for the purpose of capital asset acquisition for the Board of Education of \$46.3 million and Hagerstown Community College of \$3.3 million. The capital assets acquired with these bonds are not reflected in the County's primary government financial statements.

June 30, 2012

Washington County, Maryland Change in Net Assets

(Government-Wide)

					Total		
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Program revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 3,446,736	\$ 2,906,563	\$ 20,134,427	\$ 19,713,517	\$ 23,581,163	\$ 22,620,080	
Operating Grants and Contributions	6,381,642	5,683,957	1,250,104	1,148,567	7,631,746	6,832,524	
Capital Grants and Contributions	12,547,599	10,945,247	2,387,472	4,559,383	14,935,071	15,504,630	
General Revenues:							
Property Taxes	122,743,548	125,409,839	-	-	122,743,548	125,409,839	
Local Taxes	69,875,914	74,279,821	-	-	69,875,914	74,279,821	
Other	3,523,045	5,105,385	319,400	594,870	3,842,445	5,700,255	
Total Revenues	218,518,484	224,330,812	24,091,403	26,016,337	242,609,887	250,347,149	
Program Expenses:							
General Government	30,664,687	39,136,319	-	-	30,664,687	39,136,319	
Public Safety	41,705,806	39,804,734	-	-	41,705,806	39,804,734	
Health	2,876,643	2,389,270	-	-	2,876,643	2,389,270	
Social Services	2,248,270	2,400,068	-	-	2,248,270	2,400,068	
Education	113,864,833	125,522,309	-	-	113,864,833	125,522,309	
Parks and Recreation	5,782,049	6,075,518	-	-	5,782,049	6,075,518	
Natural Resources	1,968,855	3,315,734	-	-	1,968,855	3,315,734	
Community Promotion	3,928,577	4,047,615	-	-	3,928,577	4,047,615	
Highways and Streets	23,451,568	17,325,648	-	-	23,451,568	17,325,648	
Interest on long-term debt	4,181,468	4,441,225	-	-	4,181,468	4,441,225	
Business-type Activities:							
Water Quality	-	-	11,819,738	11,614,072	11,819,738	11,614,072	
Solid Waste	-	-	7,830,698	8,868,541	7,830,698	8,868,541	
Public Transit	-	-	2,859,826	2,730,286	2,859,826	2,730,286	
Airport	-	-	7,851,463	8,196,762	7,851,463	8,196,762	
Golf Course	-	-	1,250,871	1,232,605	1,250,871	1,232,605	
Total Expenses	230,672,756	244,458,440	31,612,596	32,642,266	262,285,352	277,100,706	
Change in net assets before transfers	(12,154,272)	(20,127,628)	(7,521,193)	(6,625,929)	(19,675,465)	(26,753,557)	
Gain (Loss) on disposal of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Transfers	(5,550,003)	(5,144,687)	5,550,003	5,144,687	-	-	
Change in Net Assets	(17,704,275)	(25,272,315)	(1,971,190)	(1,481,242)	(19,675,465)	(26,753,557)	
Net Assets - beginning of year	411,118,812	436,391,127	221,212,596	222,693,838	632,331,408	659,084,965	
Net Assets - End of year	\$ 393,414,537	\$ 411,118,812	\$ 219,241,406	\$ 221,212,596	\$ 612,655,943	\$ 632,331,408	

The County's total net assets decreased by \$19.7 million during fiscal year 2012. Total net assets as of June 30, 2012, were \$612.7 million representing a 4% decrease.

June 30, 2012

Governmental Activities (government-wide) - Change in Net Assets:

Net assets in governmental activities decreased by \$17.7 million. Key factors in this decrease are as follows:

- Property tax revenue fell just short of the 2012 projections by \$1.6 million or 1.2%. The shortfall is related to corporate personal property tax accounts reflecting recent economic conditions that involve business closures, lack of reinvestment in equipment, and assessment value changes.
- Income Tax revenue exceeded budget by \$4.8 million or 7.9% as a result of continued decreases in the unemployment rates and prior year reconciling distributions. Of the \$4.8 million \$3.2 million was distributed from prior tax years of 2008, 2009, 2010, and 2011. The average unemployment rate reflected a decrease from 9.99% in 2011 to 8.92% in 2012.
- Recordation Tax revenue fell short of budget by \$1 million or 21.8% due to the slow recovery trends within the housing market. It was anticipated that transactions would be higher than what was actually realized. Revenues lagged behind prior year actuals due to a few large commercial transactions in 2011. Fiscal year 2012 produced no large commercial recordation tax revenue as it has in the past.
- Other revenues such as permits, licenses, income tax liability reserve and Highway User revenues exceeded budget by \$200,000.
- Self insurance shortfalls were related to unfavorable claims experience costs of \$.6 million.
- Pretreatment subsidies for the three remaining scheduled out years according to the financial plan and cash flow analysis were made in the amount of \$1 million. The pretreatment subsidy was eliminated in fiscal year 2013 from the general fund expenditures and will no longer be made to the pretreatment fund after 2012.
- An additional \$.9 million in capital transfer was made to cover revenue shortfalls in Excise tax revenues
 realized in 2012 which allowed for continued construction of school and road projects in addition to
 placing funds for fiscal year 2013 project funding.
- An additional appropriation was reserved for the school health nurse program of \$.5 million for requested accrued benefit costs.
- Savings in grants of \$1 million are reflective of unspent grant awards to be carried over to the next fiscal year. The unspent grant awards are offset by \$1.2 unspent grant awards in expenditures.
- Remaining cost centers accounted for \$1.4 million in savings that resulted from position turnovers, utility savings due to mild winter, and the housing unit that has a delayed opening due to construction delays.
- Various government-wide entries including 1) recording of depreciation expense greater than capital outlay a net difference of \$12 million; 2) accrual differences between government wide and statement of activities of \$3.4 million; and 3) recording of debt proceeds greater than debt principal payments by \$3 million. These activities are reported differently on the government-wide statements vs. the fund statements.
- Capital Improvement Projects increased by \$.2 million. Capital Improvement transactions are earmarked for specific capital related projects and its cash flow will vary depending on the construction schedule and grant reimbursements.

Business-type Activities (government-wide) – Change in Net Assets:

Business-type activities decreased the County's net assets by \$2 million, decreasing the change in net assets attributable to governmental activities. Key elements of this decrease are as follows:

June 30, 2012

- □ Water Quality's net assets increased by \$2.8 million, for a total of \$121 million. The increase resulted from increases in user rates designed to provide resources to meet operational costs, projected debt service, capital requirements, elimination of general fund subsidies and to provide for stable reserves.
- □ Solid Waste's total net assets decreased by \$.9 million for a total of \$13.3 million, mainly related to depreciation expense of \$2.7 million. The 40 West landfill site was re-designed which increased the life of the landfill by 62 years generating an additional 4 million cubic yards of available air space. This change in accounting estimate had no effect on the total estimated closure and post closure cost which are in compliance with State financial assurance requirements as of June 30, 2012.
- □ Airport's total net assets are \$78.2 million as of June 30, 2012, representing a \$3.4 million decrease. The net decrease is mainly the result of increased depreciation related to the runway acquisition of which a majority was funded with federal and state grants

Financial Analysis on Government Fund Financial Statements

The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements and restrictions, and fiscal accountability.

Governmental Funds:

The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near term inflows, outflow, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$112.3 million, an increase of \$.9 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately \$36.3 million of this amount is designated for the general fund cash reserve and \$74.5 million is restricted or committed for construction projects and designated programs. The remaining amount is appropriated for other program services and assigned costs. In the combined governmental activities the County maintains eleven separate funds. Shown below are fund balances and net changes in fund balance for each.

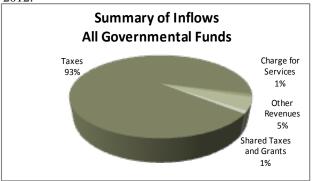
Washington County, Maryland Fund Balance and Net Changes in Fund Balance

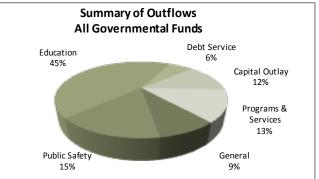
(Fund Basis)

		(Tana D	usisj			
Governmental Activities – Fund						
Statements		Fund Balance		Net Cha	nge in Fund Balan	ce
	2012	2011	% Change	2012	2011	% Change
General Fund	\$ 38,632,885	\$ 37,572,914	3%	\$ 1,059,971	\$ 1,418,906	-25%
Capital Improvement Fund	71,995,786	71,824,732	0%	171,054	(13,755,096)	-101%
Local Management Board	164,159	408,076	-60%	(243,917)	(61,735)	295%
Inmate Welfare Fund	95,546	446,213	-79%	(350,667)	3,692	-9598%
Contraband Fund	282,121	45,619	518%	236,502	(3,265)	-7344%
Agricultural Education Fund	67,773	120,131	-44%	(52,358)	(53,959)	-3%
Hotel Rental Tax Fund	826,103	562,998	47%	263,105	200,485	31%
Gaming Fund	5,725	(1,931)	-396%	7,656	(21,721)	-135%
Land Preservation Fund	256,418	397,632	-36%	(141,214)	78,344	-280%
НЕРМРО	(18,145)	(749)	2323%	(17,396)	(749)	2223%
Foreign Trade Zone Fund	-	-	0%	-	308	-100%
Total	\$ 112,308,371	\$ 111,375,635	1%	\$ 932,736	\$ (12,195,098)	-108%

June 30, 2012

The following reflects all inflows and outflows of the governmental funds in total for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012.





□ The *General Fund* is the chief operating fund of the County. At the end of the current fiscal year total fund balance reached \$38.6 million. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both committed fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Committed fund balance represents \$36.3 million that is for cash reserve while \$.6 million is reserved for specific program funds.

The General Fund, fund balance increased by approximately \$1.1 million during the current fiscal year. Key factors related to this change are:

Major Revenue Factors:

- Property tax revenue fell just short of the 2012 projections by \$1.6 million or 1.2%. The shortfall is related to corporate personal property tax accounts reflecting recent economic conditions that involve business closures, lack of reinvestment in equipment, and assessment value changes.
- Income Tax revenue exceeded budget by \$4.8 million or 7.9% as a result of continued decreases in the unemployment rates and prior year reconciling distributions. Of the \$4.8 million \$3.2 million was distributed from prior tax years of 2008, 2009, 2010, and 2011. The average unemployment rate reflected a decrease from 9.99% in 2011 to 8.92% in 2012.
- Recordation Tax revenue fell short of budget by \$1 million or 21.8% due to the slow recovery trends within the housing market. It was anticipated that transactions would be higher than what was actually realized. Revenues lagged behind prior year actuals due to a few large commercial transactions in 2011. Fiscal year 2012 produced no large commercial recordation tax revenue as it has in the past.
- Other revenues such as permits, licenses, income tax liability reserve and Highway User revenues exceeded budget by \$200,000.
- Savings in grants of \$1 million are reflective of unspent grant awards to be carried over to the next fiscal year. The unspent grant awards are offset by \$1.2 unspent grant awards in expenditures.

Major Expenditure Factors:

- Self insurance shortfalls were related to unfavorable claims experience costs of \$.6 million.
- Pretreatment subsidies for the three remaining scheduled out years according to the financial plan and cash flow analysis were made in the amount of \$1 million. The pretreatment subsidy was eliminated in fiscal year 2013 from the general fund expenditures and will no longer be made to the pretreatment fund after 2012.
- An additional \$.9 million in capital transfer was made to cover revenue shortfalls in Excise tax revenues realized in 2012 which allowed for continued construction of school and road projects in addition to placing funds for fiscal year 2013 project funding.
- An additional appropriation was reserved for the school health nurse program of \$.5 million for requested accrued benefit costs.

June 30, 2012

- Remaining cost centers accounted for \$1.4 million in savings that resulted from position turnovers, utility savings due to mild winter, and the housing unit that has a delayed opening due to construction delays.
- The *Capital Project Fund* is used to account for major capital acquisition and construction of County operations. At the end of the current fiscal year the Capital Project Fund has a total fund balance of \$72 million all of which is designated for capital related projects. Major funding sources for projects are pay-go-funding, debt proceeds, fees and taxes, and grants. Fund balance increased by \$.2 million for the current fiscal year. The change in fund balance is the result of timing differences in projects with funding proceeds and project expenditures.
- □ The County's *Community Partnership, Inmate Welfare, Contraband, Agricultural Education, Foreign Trade Zone, Hotel Rental Tax, Gaming, HEPMPO, and Land Preservation Funds* combined have a fund balance of \$1.7 million. The net decrease in fund balance during the current year was \$.3 million. These funds represent monies designated for specific programs and services.

Proprietary Funds:

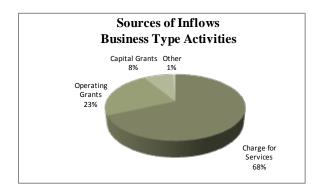
The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Net assets and net income (loss) were as follows:

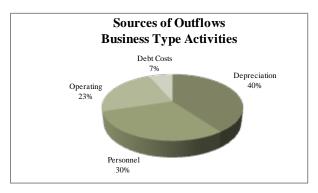
Washington County, Maryland Net Assets and Net Income (Loss)

(Fund Basis)

		(1 00,000 1	30000)				
Business-type Activities – Fund Statements		Fund Balance		Net Cha	noe	in Fund Balance	0
	2012	2011	% Change	2012		2011	% Change
Water Quality	\$ 121,110,526	\$ 118,268,385	2%	\$ 2,842,141	\$	2,747,107	3%
Solid Waste	13,343,334	14,229,575	-6%	(886,241)		(1,835,927)	52%
Airport	78,264,022	81,653,911	-4%	(3,389,889)		(3,305,297)	-3%
Public Transit	4,964,476	5,343,583	-7%	(379,107)		1,083,675	-135%
BleckRock	1,559,048	1,717,142	-9%	(158,094)		(170,800)	7%
Total	\$ 219,241,406	\$ 221,212,596	-1%	\$ (1,971,190)	\$	(1,481,242)	

The following reflects the inflows and outflows of the business-type activity funds for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012.





Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities under "Financial Analysis on Government-Wide Financial Statements".

June 30, 2012

General Fund Budgetary Analysis – Government Fund Financial Statement Basis

Washington County, Maryland General Fund Budgetary Analysis As of June 30, 2012

(Government Fund Basis)

	Budgetary	Amounts		Difference			
Category	Original	Final	Actual	Org. Budget vs. Final	Final Budget vs. Actual		
Revenues:							
Property Tax	\$ 124,263,740	\$ 124,263,740	\$ 122,669,812	\$ -	\$ (1,593,928)		
Local Tax	64,730,000	64,730,000	68,930,809	-	4,200,809		
Other Revenue	8,018,550	11,005,827	9,707,752	2,987,277	(1,298,075)		
Total Revenues	197,012,290	199,999,567	201,308,373	2,987,277	1,308,806		
Expenses:							
General Government	20,417,910	20,574,508	19,552,837	156,598	1,021,671		
Public Safety	33,210,870	34,945,927	33,771,477	1,735,057	1,174,450		
Health and Social Services	4,072,030	5,166,882	5,124,913	1,094,852	41,969		
Education	101,693,900	101,693,900	101,693,900	-	-		
Parks, Recreation, Natural Resources	5,756,880	5,766,710	5,744,294	9,830	22,416		
Highways and streets	8,614,960	8,621,850	9,262,056	6,890	(640,206)		
General Operations	459,030	443,080	400,480	(15,950)	42,600		
Unallocated Employee Insurance	1,922,480	1,922,480	2,546,596	-	(624,116)		
Intergovernmental	7,506,610	7,506,610	9,357,259	-	(1,850,649)		
Debt Service	13,357,620	13,357,620	13,588,170	-	(230,550)		
Total Expenses	197,012,290	199,999,567	201,041,982	2,987,277	(1,042,415)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			793,580	-	793,580		
Net Increase in Assets - 06/30/11	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,059,971	\$ -	\$ 1,059,971		

Original Budget vs. Final Budget:

The net budgetary change of \$3.0 million resulted mainly from grant transactions. Increases in grants reflected as revenue were received or expended during the fiscal year from additional state or federal grants of \$3.0 million.

Final Budget vs. Actual Results:

Final actual results yielded a \$1.1 increase to cash reserves. Revenue was over by \$1.3 million offset by expenditures and other financing sources of \$248,835. Property Tax experienced a 1.3% decrease over budget. Income Tax revenue exceeded budget by 8% or \$4.8 million. Recordation Tax fell short of final budget by \$1 million or 21.8%. Offsetting the revenue increases were \$1.2 million in overages related to school health nurse program costs and road maintenance overruns. Also attributable to net budgetary costs were negative health insurance experience for 2012 of \$624,116, a transfer to the pretreatment fund of \$1 million, and a transfer of paygo funds of \$.9 million to cover 2012 shortfalls in excise tax revenues and for 2013 project revenue sources.

June 30, 2012

Capital Asset Administration – Government Wide Statements

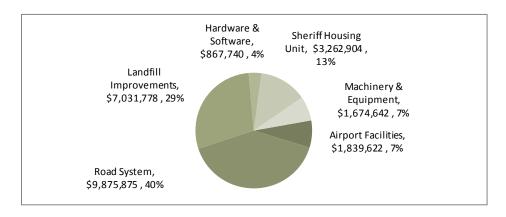
The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2012, amounts to \$656 million (net of depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, bridges, roads, equipment, and operational facilities.

Washington County, Maryland Net Capital Assets

(Government Fund Basis)

							%	
Description	Governmenta		Business-type		Tota	il	Change	
	2012	2011	2012	2011	2012	2011		
Land and Land Improvement	\$ 76,575,253	\$ 74,407,709	\$ 92,839,395	\$ 91,430,808	\$ 169,414,648	\$ 165,838,517	2%	
Building and Improvements	44,783,702	43,300,255	42,052,295	42,955,528	86,835,997	86,255,783	1%	
Facilities, Lines, and Mains		-	- 83,863,919	85,047,642	83,863,919	85,047,642	-1%	
Vehicles	1,218,636	1,757,125	2,402,103	3,052,749	3,620,739	4,809,874	-25%	
Infrastructure	256,767,785	268,316,842		-	256,767,785	268,316,842	-4%	
Machinery and Equipment	2,773,859	2,320,292	2,193,85	2,566,995	4,967,710	4,887,287	2%	
Office/Computer Equipment	17,513,620	19,643,716	825,733	1,057,087	18,339,353	20,700,803	-119	
Treatment Plant		-	- 31,749,874	32,719,634	31,749,874	32,719,634	-3%	
Total	\$399,632,855	\$409,745,939	\$ 255,927,170	\$258,830,443	\$655,560,025	\$668,576,382	-2%	

Major capital asset events, excluding education, during the current fiscal year included the following:



Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in note 5 on pages 46-49 of this report.

Debt Administration

At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had total outstanding debt, excluding capital leases, of \$182.7 million. This amount was comprised of debt backed by the full faith and credit of the County and user fees. The County's outstanding debt decreased \$7.4 million during the current fiscal year. The net decrease resulted from approximately \$13 million in principal payments, changes in deferred amounts and results of refunding; \$12.2 million redemption of airport runway bonds; and approximately \$17.8 million in new borrowings. Funds borrowed were used for infrastructure projects of \$8 million, environmental projects of \$5.7 million, educational projects of \$1.8 million and public safety costs of \$2.3 million. The County issued refunding bonds of \$7.7 million to refund a portion of the County's outstanding 2003 and 2003A Public Improvement Bonds, resulting in a total 2012 issuance of \$25.5 million.

June 30, 2012

Washington County, Maryland Outstanding Debt

(Government – Wide)

Description			Total	% Change
General Obligation Bonds Maryland State Loans	2012 2011 \$ 124,566,752 \$ 121,333,576 \$	2012 2011 35,448,306 \$ 42,219,899 \$ - 1,398,463	2012 2011 160,015,058 \$ 163,553,4 - 1,398	
Maryland Water Quality Bonds	5,745,888 6,026,733	16,976,902 19,185,877	22,722,790 25,212	
Total	\$ 130,312,640 \$ 127,360,309 \$	52,425,208 \$ 62,804,239 \$	182,737,848 \$ 190,164,5	548 -4%

The County's credit ratings for fiscal year 2012 are as follows: 1) Standard and Poor's rated AA, 2) Fitch rated AA, and 3) Moody's Investors Service rated Aa2. All rated with stable outlook.

Under the Code of Public Local Law, the amount of general obligation debt the County may issue associated with water quality debt is limited to 10 percent of its total assessed valuation of all real estate in the County that is subject to taxation. The current estimated debt limitation for water quality is \$1.4 billion, which is significantly in excess of the County's current water quality general obligation debt.

Additional information on the County's long-term debt can be found in note 8 on pages 52-57 of this report.

Economic Factors and Fiscal Year 2013

- Washington County's unemployment rate for August 2012 was 8.7% compared to 9.7% in August of 2011. Unemployment trends are showing a slow steady improvement. It is anticipated that the unemployment rate will take until the end of 2014 to recover due to permanent loss of certain industry jobs, re-entry/retraining of the current workforce, and new workforce entry.
- □ Housing industry trends are showing continued improvement. Foreclosure filings have continued to trend downward and average home prices sold are increasing. In addition the County's active inventory trend shows a decrease for 2012, decreasing for the fourth straight year.
- Water and sewer rates were increased for the 2013 budget year. The revenue requirements were increased 3%. This revenue increase is based on financial information formulated annually from the County's cost of service model.
- □ Total number of jobs increased for the third consecutive year to 63,960. That increase is reflected in the utility, education, and health areas.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Office of Budget and Finance, 100 West Washington Street, Room 304, Hagerstown, Maryland 21740. Questions concerning the Washington County Board of Education should be directed to their offices at Commonwealth Avenue, Hagerstown, Maryland 21740.

Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2012

Page			Primary Governmen	nt	Component Unit	
Cach and short-term investments		Governmental	Business-type		Board of	
Seal and short-term investments		activities	activities	Total	Education	Total
Investments						
Property taxes receivable, net of allowance 1,051,056 Accounts receivable, net of allowance 5,125,285 3,365,599 64,481,844 350,266 6,832,144 Interest receivable 92,614 1,642,740 1,849,504 92,614 1,642,740 1,849,504 1,92,614 1,042,740 1,849,504 1,92,614 1,042,740 1,849,504 1,949,504 1,042,740 1,849,504 1	Cash and short-term investments	,,	\$ 28,110,960	+,,		,,.
Accounts receivable, net of allowance			-		26,747,109	
Interest receivable		, ,	-		-	
Due from other governmental agencies 17.296.86 2.889.223 20.186,119 3.309.922 23.496,041 Due from other governmental agencies 17.296.86 2.889.6375 2.889.6375			1,356,599		350,260	
Diagram on ther governmental agencies 17,296,896 2,889,223 20,186,119 3,309,922 23,496,041 Internal balances 816,175 300,039 1,117,114 431,129 1,548,243 Bond issue costs 612,555 162,508 775,063 775,063 Other assets 959,00 599,00 962,498 1,108,3398 Other post employment henefits 815,778 - 265,270 7222,174 7222,174 Recoverable disbursements 265,270 - 265,270 145,641 Projects under construction 13,337,144 1,932,688 15,269,882 7,15,632 15,985,514 Projects under construction 339,632,855 255,927,170 6055500,025 208,884,228 844,442,23 TOTAL ASSETS 300,635,778 321,219,702 871,639,002 263,689,544 1,134,699,046 ILABEL ITES			-		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Internal balances		,			-	
Bront issue costs				20,186,119	3,309,922	23,496,041
Bond issue costs				-	-	-
Other assets 95,900 - 95,900 902,498 1,088,398 Other post employment benefits 815,778 - 265,270 - 265,270 Notes receivable disbursements 265,270 - 265,270 - 265,270 Notes receivable for maturities of incompanies of property, plant, and equipment, net 399,632,855 255,927,170 655,560,025 208,884,228 864,444,253 TOTAL ASSETS 550,635,578 321,219,702 871,039,002 263,659,544 1,134,669,046 LIABILITIES Current maturities of long-term obligations 9,878,011 4,450,970 14,328,981 - 14,328,981 Current maturities of capital lease obligations 145,522 65,501 211,023 780,120 991,143 Current maturities of capital lease obligations 145,522 65,501 211,023 780,120 991,143 Current maturities of of instillment purchase contracts 151,737 517,373 3 38,498 1,4328,981 Current maturities of instillment purchase contracts 151,737 1,908,986					431,129	
Other post employment benefits 818.778 - - 7.222.174 7.222.174 Recoverable disbursements 265.270 - 265.270 - 265.270 - 265.270 Notes receivable 144,641 1.932,688 152.69,882 71.632 159.851 Property, plant, and equipment, net 39963.885 255.907,170 655.560,055 208.884.228 864.444.253 TOTAL ASSETS 550.635.788 321.219,702 871.039,002 263.659,544 1134.699,046 LABBLITIES Current maturities of long-term obligations 9.878,011 4,450,970 14,328,981 - 143.288,981 Current maturities of capital lease obligations 145,522 65,501 211,023 780,120 991,43 Current maturities of installment purchase contracts 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737			162,508		-	· ·
Recoverable disbursements 265,270 - 265,270 - 265,270 - 265,270 - 265,270 - 265,270 - 265,270 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - 145,641 - - 143,649,046 - 143,690,046 - 143,690,046 - 143,690,046 - 143,690,046 - 143,690,046 - 143,289,81 - 143,289,81 - 143,289,81 - 143,289,81 - 143,289,81 - 143,289,81 - 143,289,81 - 143,289,81 - 143,289,81 - 143,289,81 - 143,289,81 - 143,289,81 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>95,900</td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td>			-	95,900	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Notes receivable			-	-	7,222,174	
Projects under construction 13,337,194 1,932,688 15,269,882 715,632 15,985,514 Property, plant, and equipment, net Torola. 399,632,855 255,971,70 655,560,025 208,884,228 864,444,233 TOTAL ASSETS 550,635,578 312,19702 871,039,502 263,659,44 1,134,699,046 Liabilities Current Eabilities Current maturities of long-term obligations 9,878,011 4,450,970 14,328,981 780,10 991,143 Current maturities of capital lease obligations 145,522 65,501 211,023 780,10 991,143 Current maturities of instalment purchase contracts 517,737 1.0 517,737 38,0 991,143 Current maturities of capital lease obligations 145,522 1.094,198 10,978,755 33,348,987 143,28,981 Current maturities of capital lease obligations 1,452,981 1.094,198 10,978,755 33,348,987 143,637,42 Accrude expenses 796,176 2,880,80 1.085,081 144,969,91 155,447,75 Ac			-		-	
Property, plant, and equipment, net 399,632,885 255,927,170 655,660,025 208,884,228 864,444,253 1074. ASSETS 550,635,578 321,219,702 871,039,502 263,659,544 1,134,699,046 1,134,699			-		-	
TOTAL ASSETS \$55,635,578 \$32,1219,702 \$871,039,502 \$263,659,544 \$1,134,699,046 \$	· ·				715,632	15,985,514
Current Liabilities						
Current Liabilities: Current maturities of long-term obligations 9,878,011 4,450,970 14,328,981 - 14,328,981 Current maturities of capital lease obligations 145,522 65,501 211,023 780,120 991,143 Current maturities of installment purchase contracts 517,737 - 517,737 3.38,987 14,363,742 Accounts payable 9,884,557 1,094,198 10,978,755 3,384,987 14,363,742 Accrued expenses 766,176 288,908 1,085,084 14,459,691 15,544,775 Accrued interest 2,121,722 7,839,264 9,960,986 - 9,960,986 - 9,960,986 Deferred revenue 2,071,001 1,269,835 3,340,836 1,020,739 4,361,575 Compensated absences 1,838,723 376,601 2,215,324 795,234 30,105,58 Post retirement benefits 196,257 - 196,257 196,257 Landfill closure and post-closure costs 1,710,844 67,642 1,778,486 - 196,257 1,778,486 Liabilities for unpaid claims 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 Total current liabilities 31,80,775 15,716,159 47,096,934 20,440,771 67,537,705 Post retirement benefits 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 Compensated absences 543,711 158,362 70,2073 5,665,752 6,367,825 7,000,400,400,400,400,400,400,400,400,40	TOTAL ASSETS	550,635,578	321,219,702	871,039,502	263,659,544	1,134,699,046
Current maturities of long-term obligations 9,878,011 4,450,970 14,328,981 - 14,328,981 Current maturities of capital lease obligations 145,522 65,501 211,023 780,120 991,143 Current maturities of installment purchase contracts 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737 Accounds payable 9,884,557 1,094,198 10,978,755 3,384,987 14,363,742 Accrued interest 2,017,102 7,839,264 9,960,986 - 9,960,986 Deferred revenue 2,071,001 1,269,835 3,340,836 1,020,739 4,361,575 Compensated absences 1,838,723 376,601 2,215,324 795,234 3,010,558 Post retirement benefits 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 -	LIABILITIES					
Current maturities of capital lease obligations 145,522 65,501 211,023 780,120 991,143 Current maturities of installment purchase contracts 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737 Accounts payable 9,884,557 1,094,198 10,978,755 3,384,987 14,363,742 Accrued expenses 796,176 288,908 1,085,084 14,489,601 15,544,775 Accrued interest 2,121,722 7,839,264 9,960,986 - 9,960,986 Deferred revenue 2,071,001 1,269,835 3,340,836 1,020,739 4,361,575 Compensated absences 1,838,723 376,601 2,215,324 795,234 3,010,558 Post retirement benefits 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 Landfill closure and post-closure costs 1,710,844 67,642 1,778,486 - 1,778,486 Other liabilities 1,710,844 67,642 1,778,486 - 1,778,486 Total current liabilities 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 -	Current Liabilities:					
Current maturities of capital lease obligations 145,522 65,501 211,023 780,120 991,143 Current maturities of installment purchase contracts 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737 Accounts payable 9,884,557 1,094,198 10,978,755 3,384,987 14,363,742 Accrued expenses 796,176 288,908 1,085,084 14,489,601 15,544,775 Accrued interest 2,121,722 7,839,264 9,960,986 - 9,960,986 Deferred revenue 2,071,001 1,269,835 3,340,836 1,020,739 4,361,575 Compensated absences 1,838,723 376,601 2,215,324 795,234 3,010,558 Post retirement benefits 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 Landfill closure and post-closure costs 1,710,844 67,642 1,778,486 - 1,778,486 Other liabilities 1,710,844 67,642 1,778,486 - 1,778,486 Total current liabilities 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 -	Current maturities of long-term obligations	9,878,011	4,450,970	14,328,981	_	14,328,981
Current maturities of installment purchase contracts 517,737 - 517,737 - 517,737 Accounts payable 9,884,557 1,094,198 10,987,855 3,384,987 14,363,742 Accrued expenses 796,176 288,908 1,085,084 1,459,691 15,544,775 Accrued interest 2,121,722 7,839,264 9,960,986 - 9,960,986 Deferred revenue 2,071,001 1,269,835 3,340,836 1,020,739 4,361,575 Compensated absences 1,838,723 376,601 2,215,234 795,234 3010,558 Post retirement benefits 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 Landfill closure and post-closure costs 1,710,844 67,642 1,778,486 - 1,778,486 Liabilities for unpaid claims 2,220,225 15,716,159 47,096,934 20,440,771 67,537,705 Non Current Liabilities 2,330,648 2,230,648 2,230,648 2,230,648 - 2,230,648 Compensated absences 543,711 158,362 702,073 <td></td> <td>145,522</td> <td>65,501</td> <td></td> <td>780,120</td> <td>991,143</td>		145,522	65,501		780,120	991,143
Accounts payable 9,884,557 1,094,198 10,978,755 3,384,987 14,363,742 Accrued expenses 796,176 288,908 1,085,084 14,459,691 15,544,775 Accrued interest 2,121,722 7,839,264 9,960,986 10,20,739 4,361,575 Compensated absences 1,838,723 376,601 2,215,324 795,234 3,010,558 Post retirement benefits 196,257 - 1263,240 -		517,737	-	517,737	· -	517,737
Accrued expenses 796,176 288,908 1,085,084 14,459,691 15,544,775 Accrued interest 2,121,722 7,839,264 9,960,986 - 9,960,986 Deferred revenue 2,071,001 1,269,835 3,340,836 1,020,739 4,361,575 Compensated absences 1,838,723 376,601 2,215,324 795,234 30,10,558 Post retirement benefits 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 Landfill closure and post-closure costs - 263,240 263,240 - 263,240 Other liabilities 1,710,844 67,642 1,778,486 - 1,778,486 Liabilities for unpaid claims 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 Total current liabilities 31,380,775 15,716,159 47,096,934 20,440,771 67,537,05 Non Current Liabilities Deferred revenue - 22,330,648 22,330,648 - 22,330,648 Compensated absences 543,711		9,884,557	1,094,198	10,978,755	3,384,987	14,363,742
Deferred revenue		796,176	288,908	1,085,084	14,459,691	15,544,775
Compensated absences 1,838,723 376,601 2,215,324 795,234 3,010,558 Post retirement benefits 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 Landfill closure and post-closure costs - 263,240 263,240 - 263,240 Other liabilities 1,710,844 67,642 1,778,486 - 1,778,486 Liabilities for unpaid claims 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 Total current liabilities 31,380,775 15,716,159 47,096,934 20,440,771 67,537,705 Non Current Liabilities Deferred revenue - 22,330,648 22,330,648 - 22,330,648 Compensated absences 543,711 158,362 702,073 5,665,752 6,367,825 Post retirement benefits 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 Long-term obligations, net 120,434,629 47,974,238 168,408,867 - 168,408,867 Capital lease obligations 455,348 - 455,348 <td>Accrued interest</td> <td>2,121,722</td> <td>7,839,264</td> <td>9,960,986</td> <td>-</td> <td>9,960,986</td>	Accrued interest	2,121,722	7,839,264	9,960,986	-	9,960,986
Post retirement benefits 196,257 - 196,257 - 196,257 Landfill closure and post-closure costs - 263,240 263,240 - 263,240 Other liabilities 1,710,844 67,642 1,778,486 - 1,778,486 Liabilities for unpaid claims 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 Total current liabilities 31,380,775 15,716,159 47,096,934 20,440,771 67,537,055 Non Current Liabilities: Deferred revenue - 22,330,648 22,330,648 - 22,330,648 Compensated absences 543,711 158,362 702,073 5,665,752 6,367,825 Post retirement benefits 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 1,58,402 20,947,4238 168,408,867 - 168,408,867 - 168,408,867 - 168,408,867 - 1,533,273 - 1,53	Deferred revenue	2,071,001	1,269,835	3,340,836	1,020,739	4,361,575
Landfill closure and post-closure costs - 263,240 263,240 - 263,240 Other liabilities 1,710,844 67,642 1,778,486 - 1,778,486 Liabilities for unpaid claims 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 Total current liabilities 31,380,775 15,716,159 47,096,934 20,440,771 67,537,05 Non Current Liabilities: - 22,330,648 22,330,648 - 22,330,648 Compensated absences 543,711 158,362 702,073 5,665,752 6,367,825 Post retirement benefits 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 Long-term obligations, net 120,434,629 47,974,238 168,408,867 - 168,408,867 Capital lease obligations 455,348 - 455,348 7,230,968 7,686,316 Installment purchase contracts 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 Landfill closure and post-closure costs - 15,798,889 15,798,889 - 15	Compensated absences	1,838,723	376,601	2,215,324	795,234	3,010,558
Other liabilities 1,710,844 67,642 1,778,486 - 1,778,486 Liabilities for unpaid claims 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 Total current liabilities 31,380,775 15,716,159 47,096,934 20,440,771 67,537,705 Non Current Liabilities: Deferred revenue - 22,330,648 22,330,648 - 22,330,648 Compensated absences 543,711 158,362 702,073 5,665,752 6,367,825 Post retirement benefits 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - - 2,873,305 - - 2,873,305 - - 2,873,305 - - 2,873,305 - - <td>Post retirement benefits</td> <td>196,257</td> <td>-</td> <td>196,257</td> <td>-</td> <td>196,257</td>	Post retirement benefits	196,257	-	196,257	-	196,257
Liabilities for unpaid claims 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 - 2,220,225 Total current liabilities 31,380,775 15,716,159 47,096,934 20,440,771 67,537,705 Non Current Liabilities: Deferred revenue - 22,330,648 22,330,648 - 22,330,648 Compensated absences 543,711 158,362 702,073 5,665,752 6,367,825 Post retirement benefits 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 Long-term obligations, net 120,434,629 47,974,238 168,408,867 - 2,873,305 Capital lease obligations 455,348 - 455,348 7,230,968 7,686,316 Installment purchase contracts 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 Landfill closure and post-closure costs - 15,798,889 15,798,889 - 15,798,889 Total noncurrent liabilities 125,840,266 86,262,137 212,102,403 12,896,720 224,999,123 NET ASSETS Invested i	Landfill closure and post-closure costs	-	263,240	263,240	-	263,240
Non Current Liabilities	Other liabilities	1,710,844	67,642	1,778,486	-	1,778,486
Non Current Liabilities: Deferred revenue	Liabilities for unpaid claims	2,220,225	-	2,220,225	-	2,220,225
Deferred revenue	Total current liabilities	31,380,775	15,716,159	47,096,934	20,440,771	67,537,705
Deferred revenue	Non Current Liabilities:					
Compensated absences 543,711 158,362 702,073 5,665,752 6,367,825 Post retirement benefits 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 Long-term obligations, net 120,434,629 47,974,238 168,408,867 - 168,408,867 Capital lease obligations 455,348 - 455,348 7,230,968 7,686,316 Installment purchase contracts 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 Landfill closure and post-closure costs - 15,798,889 15,798,889 - 15,798,889 Total noncurrent liabilities 125,840,266 86,262,137 212,102,403 12,896,720 224,999,123 TOTAL LIABILITIES 157,221,041 101,978,296 259,199,337 33,337,491 292,536,828 NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 357,986,070 218,772,508 576,758,578 201,588,772 778,347,350 Restricted for: John Howard Trust 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 - <		_	22,330,648	22,330,648	_	22,330,648
Post retirement benefits 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 - 2,873,305 Long-term obligations, net 120,434,629 47,974,238 168,408,867 - 168,408,867 Capital lease obligations 455,348 - 455,348 7,230,968 7,686,316 Installment purchase contracts 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 Landfill closure and post-closure costs - 15,798,889 15,798,889 - 15,798,889 Total noncurrent liabilities 125,840,266 86,262,137 212,102,403 12,896,720 224,999,123 TOTAL LIABILITIES 157,221,041 101,978,296 259,199,337 33,337,491 292,536,828 NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 357,986,070 218,772,508 576,758,578 201,588,772 778,347,350 Restricted for: John Howard Trust 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 Capital projects 17,945,467 13,798,381 31,743,848 - 31,743,848 <td< td=""><td>Compensated absences</td><td>543,711</td><td>158,362</td><td>702,073</td><td>5,665,752</td><td>6,367,825</td></td<>	Compensated absences	543,711	158,362	702,073	5,665,752	6,367,825
Long-term obligations, net 120,434,629 47,974,238 168,408,867 - 168,408,867 Capital lease obligations 455,348 - 455,348 7,230,968 7,686,316 Installment purchase contracts 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 Landfill closure and post-closure costs - 15,798,889 15,798,889 - 15,798,889 Total noncurrent liabilities 125,840,266 86,262,137 212,102,403 12,896,720 224,999,123 TOTAL LIABILITIES 157,221,041 101,978,296 259,199,337 33,337,491 292,536,828 NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 357,986,070 218,772,508 576,758,578 201,588,772 778,347,350 Restricted for: John Howard Trust 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 Capital projects 17,945,467 13,798,381 31,743,848 - 31,743,848 Unrestricted 17,243,553 (13,329,483) 3,914,070 28,733,281 32,6	1	,	-		-	
Capital lease obligations 455,348 - 455,348 7,230,968 7,686,316 Installment purchase contracts 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 Landfill closure and post-closure costs - 15,798,889 15,798,889 - 15,798,889 Total noncurrent liabilities 125,840,266 86,262,137 212,102,403 12,896,720 224,999,123 TOTAL LIABILITIES 157,221,041 101,978,296 259,199,337 33,337,491 292,536,828 NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 357,986,070 218,772,508 576,758,578 201,588,772 778,347,350 Restricted for: John Howard Trust 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 Capital projects 17,945,467 13,798,381 31,743,848 - 31,743,848 Unrestricted 17,243,553 (13,329,483) 3,914,070 28,733,281 32,647,351			47,974,238		-	
Installment purchase contracts 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 - 1,533,273 Landfill closure and post-closure costs - 15,798,889 15,798,889 - 15,798,889 Total noncurrent liabilities 125,840,266 86,262,137 212,102,403 12,896,720 224,999,123 TOTAL LIABILITIES 157,221,041 101,978,296 259,199,337 33,337,491 292,536,828 NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 357,986,070 218,772,508 576,758,578 201,588,772 778,347,350 Restricted for: John Howard Trust 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 Capital projects 17,945,467 13,798,381 31,743,848 - 31,743,848 Unrestricted 17,243,553 (13,329,483) 3,914,070 28,733,281 32,647,351	•		-		7,230,968	
Landfill closure and post-closure costs - 15,798,889 15,798,889 - 15,798,889 Total noncurrent liabilities 125,840,266 86,262,137 212,102,403 12,896,720 224,999,123 TOTAL LIABILITIES 157,221,041 101,978,296 259,199,337 33,337,491 292,536,828 NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 357,986,070 218,772,508 576,758,578 201,588,772 778,347,350 Restricted for: John Howard Trust 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 Capital projects 17,945,467 13,798,381 31,743,848 - 31,743,848 Unrestricted 17,243,553 (13,329,483) 3,914,070 28,733,281 32,647,351		1,533,273	-	1,533,273	-	
Total noncurrent liabilities 125,840,266 86,262,137 212,102,403 12,896,720 224,999,123 TOTAL LIABILITIES 157,221,041 101,978,296 259,199,337 33,337,491 292,536,828 NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 357,986,070 218,772,508 576,758,578 201,588,772 778,347,350 Restricted for: John Howard Trust 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 Capital projects 17,945,467 13,798,381 31,743,848 - 31,743,848 Unrestricted 17,243,553 (13,329,483) 3,914,070 28,733,281 32,647,351		-	15,798,889		-	
NET ASSETS Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 357,986,070 218,772,508 576,758,578 201,588,772 778,347,350 Restricted for: John Howard Trust 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 - 31,743,848 - 31,743,848 Unrestricted 17,243,553 (13,329,483) 3,914,070 28,733,281 32,647,351		125,840,266	86,262,137		12,896,720	
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 357,986,070 218,772,508 576,758,578 201,588,772 778,347,350 Restricted for: John Howard Trust 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 Capital projects 17,945,467 13,798,381 31,743,848 - 31,743,848 Unrestricted 17,243,553 (13,329,483) 3,914,070 28,733,281 32,647,351	TOTAL LIABILITIES		101,978,296		33,337,491	292,536,828
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt 357,986,070 218,772,508 576,758,578 201,588,772 778,347,350 Restricted for: John Howard Trust 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 Capital projects 17,945,467 13,798,381 31,743,848 - 31,743,848 Unrestricted 17,243,553 (13,329,483) 3,914,070 28,733,281 32,647,351	NET ASSETS					
Restricted for: John Howard Trust 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 Capital projects 17,945,467 13,798,381 31,743,848 - 31,743,848 Unrestricted 17,243,553 (13,329,483) 3,914,070 28,733,281 32,647,351		357 986 070	218 772 508	576 758 578	201 588 772	778 347 350
John Howard Trust 239,447 - 239,447 - 239,447 Capital projects 17,945,467 13,798,381 31,743,848 - 31,743,848 Unrestricted 17,243,553 (13,329,483) 3,914,070 28,733,281 32,647,351	•	337,700,070	210,772,300	570,750,570	201,300,772	, , 0,5+1,550
Capital projects 17,945,467 13,798,381 31,743,848 - 31,743,848 Unrestricted 17,243,553 (13,329,483) 3,914,070 28,733,281 32,647,351		239 447	_	239 447	_	239 447
Unrestricted 17,243,553 (13,329,483) 3,914,070 28,733,281 32,647,351			13 798 381		_	
	1 1 1				28.733.281	

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

			Program Revenue					
			Charges for		Operating Grants and		Capital Grants and	
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	Contributions		Co	ntributions
Primary Government:								
Governmental activities:								
General government	\$	30,664,687	\$	3,044,907	\$	4,610,420	\$	393,068
Public safety		41,705,806		401,829		-		201,587
Health		2,876,643		-		-		-
Social services		2,248,270		-		-		-
Education		113,864,833		-		-		8,210,218
Parks, recreation and culture		5,782,049		-		-	1,160,201	
Natural resources	1,968,855			-		802,287		-
Community promotion		3,928,577		-		968,935		-
Highways and streets		23,451,568		-		-		2,582,525
Interest on long-term debt		4,181,468				=		
Total governmental activities		230,672,756		3,446,736		6,381,642		12,547,599
Business-type activities								
Water quality		11,819,738		10,112,939		-		179,455
Solid waste		7,830,698		6,319,897		-		_
Public transit		2,859,826		441,981		1,250,104		300,545
Airport		7,851,463		2,289,809		-		1,868,582
Black rock golf course		1,250,871		969,801		-		38,890
Total business-type activities		31,612,596		20,134,427		1,250,104		2,387,472
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	262,285,352	\$	23,581,163	\$	7,631,746	\$	14,935,071
Component unit:								
Public school system	\$	307,294,962	\$	13,293,058	\$	61,600,095	\$	15,170

General revenue:

Taxes

Property taxes

Income taxes

Income on investments

Reimbursed expenses

Miscellaneous

Special items-gain (loss) on disposal

Transfers

TOTAL GENERAL REVENUE

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets-beginning of year

Net Assets- end of year

Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets

	Component Unit	<u> </u>				Net (
Total	Board of Education		To	iness-Type		Governmental Activities	
\$ (22,616,292	\$ - \$	5,292)	\$ (22	_	\$	(22,616,292)	\$
(41,102,390	· -	2,390)		_	·	(41,102,390)	
(2,876,643	_	5,643)		_		(2,876,643)	
(2,248,270	_	3,270)	`	_		(2,248,270)	
(105,654,615	_	l,615)	•	_		05,654,615)	
(4,621,848	_	,848)	•	_		(4,621,848)	
(1,166,568		5,568)	•	_		(1,166,568)	
(2,959,642	_),642)	•	_		(2,959,642)	
(20,869,043	-),042)),043)		_		(20,869,042)	
(4,181,468	-	,468)		_		(4,181,468)	
							
(208,296,779	- -	5,779)	(200			208,296,779)	
(1,527,344	_	7,344)	C	(1,527,344)		_	
(1,510,801	_),801)		(1,510,801)		_	
(867,196	_	,196)	(-	(867,196)		_	
(3,693,072	_	3,072)	(:	(3,693,072)		_	
(242,180		2,180)	•	(242,180)			
(7,840,593),593)		(7,840,593)		_	
(216,137,372		7,372)	(21)	(7,840,593)		208,296,779)	
(210,137,372	<u>-</u>	,372)	(210	(7,040,393)		208,290,779)	
(232,386,639	(232,386,639)	<u>-</u> -					
122,743,548		3,548	121			22,743,548	
69,875,914	-	5,914		-		69,875,914	
1,563,001	331,235	,766		129 456		1,093,310	
				138,456			
235,046,958	233,908,772	3,186		170.705		1,138,186	
1,954,218	482,874	,344]	179,795		1,291,549	
49,204	48,055	,149		1,149		-	
431,232,843	234,770,936	- -	196	5,550,003 5,869,403		(5,550,003)	
(17,291,168	2,384,297	5,465)	(19	(1,971,190)		(17,704,275)	
860,269,164	227,937,756	,408	630	221,212,596		11,118,812	
	\$ 230,322,053 \$	5,943		219,241,406	\$	393,414,537	\$

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2012

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non- major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 315,956	\$ -	\$ 3,537,103	\$ 3,853,059
Investments	135,948,740	236,671	-	136,185,411
Property taxes receivable, net of allowance	1,051,056	-	-	1,051,056
Accounts receivable	407,981	4,439,827	277,477	5,125,285
Interest receivable	92,614	-	-	92,614
Unbilled receivables	206,764	-	-	206,764
Due from other funds	20,000	71,716,686	-	71,736,686
Due from other governmental agencies	15,804,020	1,245,384	247,492	17,296,896
Inventories	816,175	-	-	816,175
Recoverable disbursements	265,270	-	-	265,270
Other assets	95,900	-	-	95,900
Notes receivable	5,641		140,000	145,641
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 155,030,117	\$ 77,638,568	\$ 4,202,072	\$ 236,870,757
LIABILITIES:	 	*		
Accounts payable	\$ 2,230,907	\$ 5,534,764	2,118,886	\$ 9,884,557
Due to other funds	100,568,990	-	64,571	100,633,561
Accrued expenses	786,727	48	9,401	796,176
Deferred revenue	9,279,273	-	37,750	9,317,023
Liabilities for unpaid claims	2,220,225	-	-	2,220,225
Other liabilities	1,311,110	107,970	291,764	1,710,844
TOTAL LIABILITIES	116,397,232	5,642,782	2,522,372	124,562,386
FUND BALANCES:				
Nonspendable	24,713	_	_	24,713
Restricted	1,180,746	18,184,914	1,424,570	20,790,230
Committed	36,294,934	53,810,872	199,777	90,305,583
Assigned	1,132,492	,010,0.2	73,498	1,205,990
Unassigned			(18,145)	(18,145)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	38,632,885	71,995,786	1,679,700	112,308,371
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 155,030,117	\$ 77,638,568	\$ 4,202,072	\$ 236,870,757

Reconciliation of Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to Statement of Net Assets As of June $30,\,2012$

Fund balance of governmental funds	\$ 112,308,371
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and,	
therefore, are not reported in the funds:	
Capital assets, net	399,632,855
Projects under construction	13,337,194
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds:	
Bond issue costs	612,555
Deferred revenue	7,246,022
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:	
Long-term obligations	(130,312,640)
Installment purchase obligations	(2,051,010)
Capital lease obligations	(600,870)
Accrued interest payable-net of IRS subsidy	(2,121,722)
Compensated absences and post-retirement benefits	(4,636,218)
Net assets of governmental activities	\$ 393,414,537

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds For Year Ended June 30, 2012

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Non-major Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUE				
General property taxes	\$ 122,669,812	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 122,669,812
Other local taxes	68,930,809	1,390,703	2,260,921	72,582,433
Licenses and permits	1,278,654	-	2,038,846	3,317,500
Court costs and fines	323,625	_	-	323,625
Charges for services	497,092	-	401,829	898,921
Revenue from uses of property	1,066,799	-	26,511	1,093,310
Reimbursed expenses	1,136,308	-	1,878	1,138,186
Miscellaneous revenues	566,480	433,746	472,860	1,473,086
Shared taxes and grants	4,838,794	10,723,150	2,094,532	17,656,476
Total Revenue	201,308,373	12,547,599	7,297,377	221,153,349
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
General government	19,552,837	-	-	19,552,837
Public safety	33,771,477	-	1,021,644	34,793,121
Health	2,876,643	-	-	2,876,643
Social services	2,248,270	-	-	2,248,270
Education	101,693,900	-	-	101,693,900
Parks, recreation and culture	5,230,239	-	188,723	5,418,962
Natural resources and land preservation	514,055	-	1,448,702	1,962,757
Intergovernmental	38,543	-	-	38,543
General operations	2,947,076	-	1,418,005	4,365,081
Community promotion	-	-	3,933,952	3,933,952
Highways and streets	9,262,056	-	-	9,262,056
Debt Service	13,588,170	-	-	13,588,170
Capital Outlay:				
General government	-	814,589	-	814,589
Public safety	-	1,642,811	-	1,642,811
Highways and streets	-	11,793,582	-	11,793,582
Education	-	12,170,933	-	12,170,933
Parks and recreation		1,642,686		1,642,686
Total Expenditures	191,723,266	28,064,601	8,011,026	227,798,893
Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenue				
Over Expenditures	9,585,107	(15,517,002)	(713,649)	(6,645,544)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers in	-	3,578,900	415,360	3,994,260
Transfers out	(9,318,716)	(225,547)	-	(9,544,263)
Proceeds of capital leases	759,137	-	-	759,137
Principal amount of new debt for refunding	6,882,220	-	-	6,882,220
Refunding of loans	(6,847,777)	-	-	(6,847,777)
Proceeds of bond sale		12,334,703		12,334,703
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(8,525,136)	15,688,056	415,360	7,578,280
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE	1,059,971	171,054	(298,289)	932,736
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	37,572,914	71,824,732	1,977,989	111,375,635
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 38,632,885	\$ 71,995,786	\$ 1,679,700	\$ 112,308,371

Reconciliation of Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For Year Ended June 30, 2012

Net changes in fund balances in governmental funds

\$ 932,736

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the current period.

Capital outlay capitalized	\$ 13,269,856	
Depreciation	(25,268,088)	(11,998,232)

In the statement of activities, only the gain or loss on the sale of assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of the assets sold.

(181,537)

Bond and capital lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayment of bond, capital lease and installment purchase principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments.

Debt and lease proceeds	\$ (13,128,283	3)
Bond issuance cost - CY addditions	89,139)
Payments of installment purchase principal	517,736	5
Payments of lease principal	158,267	7
Payments of debt principal	9,325,994	(3,037,147)

In the statement of activities, compensated absences and post-retirement benefits are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures are measured by the amount of financial resources used. This year, compensated absences and post-retirement benefits earned exceeded financial resources used.

(951,616)

Revenue and expenditures are reported in the statement of activities on the accrual basis and in the governmental funds when they provide or use current financial resources. This is the net difference of revenues and expenditures recognized between the governmental funds and statement of activities.

(2,468,479)

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities

\$ (17,704,275)

Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds For Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Business Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	Water	Solid							
	Quality Fund	Waste Fund	Airport Fund	Non-major Funds	Total				
ASSETS	<u> </u>	Funu		Tunus					
Current Assets:									
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 16,086,961	\$ 12,022,899	\$ 100	\$ 1,000	\$ 28,110,960				
Accounts receivable	1,005,628	202,050	134,569	14,352	1,356,599				
Unbilled receivables	1,330,592	304,033	5,935	2,180	1,642,740				
Due from other governmental agencies	86,829	-	1,743,322	1,059,072	2,889,223				
Due from other funds	18,119,934	13,121,332	-	-	31,241,266				
Inventories	121,681	24,722	51,254	103,282	300,939				
Total current assets	36,751,625	25,675,036	1,935,180	1,179,886	65,541,727				
Non-aumout Accesso									
Noncurrent Assets:	107.244	45.260	0.005		162 500				
Bond issuance costs	107,244	45,369	9,895	-	162,508				
Projects under construction	1,166,919	515,531	206,234	44,004	1,932,688				
Property plant and equipment	171,586,491	60,590,875	141,322,194	11,437,346	384,936,906				
Accumulated depreciation	(52,494,708)	(32,455,625)	(39,245,696)	(4,813,707)	(129,009,736)				
Total noncurrent assets	120,365,946	28,696,150	102,292,627	6,667,643	258,022,366				
TOTAL ASSETS	157,117,571	54,371,186	104,227,807	7,847,529	323,564,093				
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities:									
Current maturities of long-term obligations	2,692,809	1,508,491	249,670	-	4,450,970				
Current maturities of capital lease obligations	-	65,501	-	-	65,501				
Accounts payable	242,587	500,990	271,255	79,366	1,094,198				
Accrued expenses	193,741	29,219	11,564	54,384	288,908				
Accrued interest	7,489,625	342,451	7,188	-	7,839,264				
Due to other funds	-	-	1,284,807	1,049,584	2,334,391				
Deferred revenue	104,689	393,599	770,297	1,250	1,269,835				
Compensated absences	205,506	67,605	26,670	76,820	376,601				
Landfill closure and post-closure costs	-	263,240	-	-	263,240				
Other liabilities	7,300		44,956	15,386	67,642				
Total current liabilities	10,936,257	3,171,096	2,666,407	1,276,790	18,050,550				
Non Current Liabilities:									
Due to other funds	-	-	10,000	-	10,000				
Deferred revenue	624,371	-	21,706,277	-	22,330,648				
Compensated absences	74,811	25,440	10,896	47,215	158,362				
Bonds and long-term debt	24,371,606	22,032,427	1,570,205	-	47,974,238				
Landfill closure and post-closure costs		15,798,889			15,798,889				
Total noncurrent liabilities	25,070,788	37,856,756	23,297,378	47,215	86,272,137				
TOTAL LIABILITIES	36,007,045	41,027,852	25,963,785	1,324,005	104,322,687				
NET ASSETS									
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	103,917,450	7,626,343	100,561,072	6,667,643	218,772,508				
Unrestricted	6,130,857	3,058,029	(22,374,250)	(144,119)	(13,329,483)				
Restricted - capital projects	11,062,219	2,658,962	77,200		13,798,381				
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$121,110,526	\$ 13,343,334	\$ 78,264,022	\$ 6,523,524	\$219,241,406				

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds For Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Enterprise Funds							
	Water Quality Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Airport Fund	Non-major Funds	Totals			
OPERATING REVENUE								
Charges for services	\$ 10,112,939	\$ 6,319,897	\$ 2,289,809	\$ 1,411,782	\$ 20,134,427			
Miscellaneous	23,869	78,029	61,640	16,257	179,795			
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	10,136,808	6,397,926	2,351,449	1,428,039	20,314,222			
OPERATING EXPENSES								
Salaries and wages	3,399,538	1,260,992	470,024	1,604,772	6,735,326			
Fringe benefits	1,586,370	480,542	181,643	535.852	2,784,407			
Utilities	905,521	57,499	192,318	86,614	1,241,952			
Insurance	99,708	22,908	45,143	50,445	218,204			
Repairs and maintenance	209,760	845	83,413	245,995	540,013			
Supplies	244,693	93,507	5,192	41,188	384,580			
Cost of goods sold	211,095	-	5,172	112,912	112,912			
Contracted services	237,014	2,171,761	20,301	189,912	2,618,988			
Rentals and leases	21,230	1,896	2,927	107,919	133,972			
Other operating	1,075,829	399,701	207,955	486,420	2,169,905			
Uncollectible accounts	21	13,530	(2,779)	1,011	11,783			
Controllable assets	26,916	13,330	7,195	2,020	36,131			
Depreciation	2,877,340	2,714,362	6,335,325	645,637	12,572,664			
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	10,683,940	7,217,543	7,548,657	4,110,697	29,560,837			
OPERATING LOSS	(547,132)	(819,617)	(5,197,208)	(2,682,658)	(9,246,615)			
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)								
Interest expense	(1,135,798)	(613,155)	(302,806)	-	(2,051,759)			
Interest income	130,830	4,031	3,496	99	138,456			
Gain (loss) on disposal of assets	_	-	-	1,149	1,149			
TOTAL OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE)	(1,004,968)	(609,124)	(299,310)	1,248	(1,912,154)			
LOSS BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS AND GRANTS	(1,552,100)	(1,428,741)	(5,496,518)	(2,681,410)	(11,158,769)			
OPERATING TRANSFERS	4,214,786	542,500	217,047	531,070	5,505,403			
GRANTS FOR OPERATING				1,250,104	1,250,104			
NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CAPITAL TRANSFERS AND GRANTS	2,662,686	(886,241)	(5,279,471)	(900,236)	(4,403,262)			
CAPITAL TRANSFERS	-	-	21,000	23,600	44,600			
CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	179,455		1,868,582	339,435	2,387,472			
NET INCOME (LOSS)	2,842,141	(886,241)	(3,389,889)	(537,201)	(1,971,190)			
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	118,268,385	14,229,575	81,653,911	7,060,725	221,212,596			
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$121,110,526	\$ 13,343,334	\$ 78,264,022	\$ 6,523,524	\$ 219,241,406			

Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds For Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Enterprise Funds						
	Water Quality Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Airport Fund	Non-major Funds	Total		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities							
Receipts from customers	\$ 10,187,700	\$ 6,509,978	\$ 898,991	\$ 3,056,400	\$ 20,653,069		
Payments to suppliers	(2,868,620)	(3,744,486)	(353,604)	(1,439,526)	(8,406,236)		
Payments to employees	(5,010,377)	(1,763,899)	(669,556)	(2,152,273)	(9,596,105)		
Net Cash from Operating Activities	2,308,703	1,001,593	(124,169)	(535,399)	2,650,728		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities							
Operating contributions	4,214,786	542,500	217,047	1,793,154	6,767,487		
Increase (decrease) in due to/from other funds	1,566,664	11,227,881	8,939,889	(1,300,419)	20,434,015		
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities	5,781,450	11,770,381	9,156,936	492,735	27,201,502		
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities							
Interest paid on notes and bond payable	(1,143,648)	(583,674)	(579,532)	-	(2,306,854)		
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(322,886)	(6,313,033)	(417,905)	(320,371)	(7,374,195)		
Contribution for capital acquisitions	179,455	-	1,889,582	363,035	2,432,072		
Principal payments on notes and bonds payable	(2,718,992)	(1,254,270)	(14,020,266)	-	(17,993,528)		
Proceeds from issuance of notes and bonds payable	5,696,900	40,002	1,601,678	-	7,338,580		
Payments for bond issuance	(8,229)	(887)			(9,116)		
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities	1,682,600	(8,111,862)	(11,526,443)	42,664	(17,913,041)		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities							
Interest on investments	130,830	4,031	3,496		138,357		
Net change in cash	9,903,583	4,664,143	(2,490,180)	-	12,077,546		
Cash, Beginning of Year	6,183,378	7,358,756	2,490,280	1,000	16,033,414		
Cash, End of Year	\$ 16,086,961	\$ 12,022,899	\$ 100	\$ 1,000	\$ 28,110,960		
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash from Operating Activities							
Operating loss	\$ (547,132)	\$ (819,617)	\$ (5,197,208)	\$ (2,694,638)	\$ (9,258,595)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash							
from operating activities:							
Depreciation	2,877,340	2,714,362	6,335,325	645,637	12,572,664		
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Accounts receivable	50,828	55,011	(23,441)	(3,349)	79,049		
Unbilled receivables	(50,197)	147,137	(5,791)	(1,135)	90,014		
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	-	-		
Due to/from other government entities	32,704	-	(735,700)	1,634,345	931,349		
Inventories	(2,918)	(14,789)	2,566	15,376	235		
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(45,010)	(698,203)	205,495	(120,365)	(658,083)		
Accrued expenses	(20,437)	(12,306)	(4,667)	(9,883)	(47,293)		
Landfill closure	-	(269,847)	-	-	(269,847)		
Deferred revenue	17,557	(90,096)	(687,526)	(1,500)	(761,565)		
Compensated absences	(4,032)	(10,059)	(13,222)	113	(27,200)		
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ 2,308,703	\$ 1,001,593	\$ (124,169)	\$ (535,399)	\$ 2,650,728		

Statement of Net Assets – Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2012

		_			~ . ~ ~ .			Priva	ate Purpose	
	 Agency	Per	nsion Trust	<u>LO</u>	SAP Trust	01	PEB Trust		Trust	 Total
ASSETS										
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 2,798,069	\$	1,878,605	\$	97,146	\$	375,780	\$	67,793	\$ 5,217,393
Investments, at fair value:										
US Government obligations	-		9,625,015		955,678		1,689,971		51,026	12,321,690
Municipal bonds	-		42,304				-		-	42,304
Corporate bonds and obligations	-		6,512,153		454,381		754,896		-	7,721,430
Fixed income securites	-		2,204,601		251,870		-		-	2,456,471
Corporate stock	-		21,428,878		1,815,548		2,471,510		-	25,715,936
Equity funds	-		21,210,844		1,851,246		3,780,418		-	26,842,508
Accounts receivable	-		139,918		12,658		25,116		-	177,692
Due from other funds	 								25,005	25,005
TOTAL ASSEIS	2,798,069		63,042,318		5,438,527		9,097,691		143,824	80,520,429
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable	73,741		-		-		-		-	73,741
Due to student groups	 2,724,328		<u>-</u>							2,724,328
TOTAL LIABILITIES	2,798,069									2,798,069
NET ASSETS										
Assets held in trust for benefit payments	-		63,042,318		5,438,527		9,097,691		-	77,578,536
Assets held in trust for scholarships	-		- · · · · · -		-		· · · · · -		143,824	143,824
NET ASSETS	\$ -	\$	63,042,318	\$	5,438,527	\$	9,097,691	\$	143,824	\$ 77,722,360

Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds For Year Ended June 30, 2012

	n		T O	CAP TO	0.1		Priva	ate Purpose		T
ADDITION	Pension Trust		LOSAP Trust			OPEB Trust		Trust	Total	
ADDITIONS										
Contributions:	Φ 2.570	100	Ф	500 620	Φ	1 (22 000	¢.		Ф	4 702 520
Employer Plan members	\$ 2,570	*	\$	598,620	\$	1,623,800	\$	-	\$	4,792,520
	1,858	,283		-		-		-		1,858,283
Gifts and contributions	4.420	202		- -		1 (22 000		57,769	-	57,769
TOTAL CONTRIBUTIONS	4,428	,383_		598,620		1,623,800		57,769		6,708,572
Investment Income:										
Realized and unrealized gain	386	,119		62,113		97,455		-		545,687
Interest and dividends	997	,801		86,911		184,947		2,888		1,272,547
Other income	81	,824		8,742		13		-		90,579
TOTAL INVESTMENT INCOME	1,465	,744		157,766		282,415		2,888		1,908,813
	5,894	,127_		756,386		1,906,215		60,657		8,617,385
DEDUCTIONS										
Benefits	4,340	,446		395,698		-		-		4,736,144
Scholarship expenses		-		-		-		30,915		30,915
Administrative expenses	235	,263		32,528		20,784				288,575
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	4,575	,709		428,226		20,784		30,915		5,055,634
NET INCREASE INASSETS	1,318	,418		328,160		1,885,431		29,742		3,561,751
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	61,723	,900_		5,110,367		7,212,260		114,082		74,160,609
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 63,042	,318	\$	5,438,527	\$	9,097,691	\$	143,824	\$	77,722,360

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Financial Reporting Entity

The primary government is the County Commissioners of Washington County, referred to herein as the County or the County Commissioners. The County is governed by an elected five-member board.

The accompanying financial statements are presented as of June 30, 2012 and for the year then ended and have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America applicable to local governments. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles, which are primarily set forth in the GASB's Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards (GASB Codification).

Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements comply with the provisions of the GASB Standards in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, functions and component units for which the County (the primary government) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the appointment of a voting majority of a legally separate organization's governing body and either (1) the County's ability to impose its will over the organization, or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to or impose a financial burden on the County.

Based on the foregoing, the County's financial reporting entity includes all funds, agencies, boards and commissions that are part of the primary government, and the component units discussed below.

Blended Component Units - The Washington County Public Golf Corporation (Black Rock Golf Course) is governed by a five-member board appointed by the County Commissioners. Although it is legally separate from the County, the Washington County Public Golf Corporation is reported as if it were part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to operate the golf course which is owned by the County. Black Rock Golf Course is reported as an enterprise fund.

Discretely Presented Component Unit - The component unit column in the government-wide financial statements include the financial data of the County's other component unit, the Board of Education of Washington County (the Board, Board of Education or School System.) The Board of Education is elected by the voters of Washington County. The Board of Education operates the public schools in the County. The Board may not issue debt or levy taxes. The County issues debt and levies taxes to provide capital and operating funds to the Board. The State of Maryland also provides significant capital and operating funds to the Board.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Reporting Entity (continued)

Complete financial statements of the discretely presented individual component unit can be obtained from its administrative office:

Washington County Board of Education P.O. Box 730 Hagerstown, Maryland 21741

Related Organizations - The County Commissioners are also responsible for appointing the members of the boards of various other organizations, but the County's accountability for these organizations do not extend beyond making the appointments. Several of these other organizations are funded by Federal or state governments.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter is excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenue to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, income taxes, other local taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period.

The County's pension plan's financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions to each plan are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of each plan.

The government reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities in the governmental funds. The Capital Projects Fund accounts for all capital improvements, which are financed by bond issues, government grants, and transfers from the General and Special Revenue Funds. Closed projects are transferred to the appropriate fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

The government reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Water Quality Fund accounts for activities of the County's sewage treatment plants, sewage pumping stations and collection systems, and the water treatment plants and distribution systems.

The Solid Waste Fund is used to account for activities related to the safe disposal of solid waste, to meet all state, Federal, and county regulations and to provide for recycling.

The Airport Fund is used to account for activities at the Hagerstown Regional Airport that serves the air transportation and ancillary needs of the four state region.

Additionally, the government reports the following fiduciary funds:

The County's Pension Trust Fund is used to account for activities related to the Employees' Retirement Plan of Washington County.

The County's Volunteer Length of Service Award Program Trust Fund (LOSAP) is used to account for activities related to the eligible volunteers' retirement, disability, and death benefits.

The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for the assets donated to the Board of Education to finance memorial scholarships, which are limited to revenue earned.

The Other Postemployment Benefits Trust Fund (OPEB) is used to account for activities related to the other postemployment benefit plan of Washington County.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The County has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenue reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenue include: 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue. Likewise, general revenue includes all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenue and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenue and expenses generally result from producing and delivering goods and providing services and use of properties in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Water Quality Fund also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of connection fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation of capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenue and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the County to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$10,000 or greater for all funds except for the Black Rock Golf Course and Public Transit funds, which are \$5,000. All assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or do not materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Land Improvements	15-50 years
Buildings and Improvements	10-40 years
Facilities	20-100 years
Vehicles	5-10 years
Infrastructure	10-100 years
Machinery and Equipment	5-20 years
Office Furniture and Equipment	5-10 years
Treatment Plants	25-100 years
Computer Equipment	5-10 years

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, and proprietary fund statements of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs incurred by the governmental funds are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Long-Term Obligations (continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums and discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources (uses). Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as capital outlay expenditures in the Capital Projects Fund.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based on quoted market values. Under the terms of repurchase agreements the excess cash from checking accounts is invested in short-term investments. All deposits are insured by FDIC or a surety bond. Short-term investments in U.S. Treasury and agency obligations that have remaining maturities of 90 days or less, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by impairment, are reported at amortized cost, which approximates market value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Retirement plan investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair value.

Inventories

Inventories of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Enterprise Funds consist of expendable supplies held for consumption and items held for sale. These items are priced at cost using the first-in, first-out method, or average costing.

Employee Benefit Programs

The County's benefit program provides substantially all employees with group hospitalization, life insurance, disability income protection and retirement plans. The cost of the retirement plans is accounted for in the General and Special Revenue Funds and in the Enterprise Funds of the County.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Employee Benefit Programs (continued)

There are two employee retirement plans for County employees. The County plans cover all full-time employees other than those employed prior to July 1, 1972, who elected to retain membership in the Maryland State Retirement System. The Board of Education Retirement Plan is the Maryland State Retirement System. The assets of the County plans are held by a trustee.

Retirement plan costs for members of the County Retirement Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis. Pension costs charged to expense equal the annual required contributions, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 27. The County follows the practice of funding pension costs accrued. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, the County adopted GASB No. 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions".

Taxes and County Services

The County and its separate funds do not pay Federal, state or local taxes except social security taxes. Except for certain limited reimbursements of administrative expenses and employee benefits, the General Fund is not reimbursed by the other funds for general staff services.

Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes

The County's property tax is levied each July 1st, at rates enacted by the Board of County Commissioners based on the total assessed value as determined by the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation. The rates of levy cannot exceed the constant yield tax rate furnished by the Maryland State Department of Assessments and Taxation without public notice and only after public hearings. A reassessment of all property is required to be completed every three years.

Property taxes are levied as of July 1st, and a discount of one-half percent is granted for property taxes paid by July 31st. Taxpayers also have the options of paying in full without interest by September 30th, or paying their tax bills semi-annually. Taxpayers electing the semi-annual method can pay the first installment without interest by September 30th. Beginning October 1st, interest is charged. The second semi-annual payment, including a service charge, is due by December 31st. Interest accrues at one percent monthly for delinquent property taxes.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Real Estate and Personal Property Taxes (continued)

Maryland law provides that unpaid real estate property taxes shall be a lien on the real property from the date the taxes become payable. If real estate property taxes remain unpaid, the collector shall sell the real properties at tax sale no later than two years from the date taxes are in arrears. The County estate tax sale is held annually on the first Tuesday in the month of June.

Rate of County Taxes:

Income tax 2.8% of Maryland taxable income (2011 and 2012 calendar years)

Recordation tax \$3.80 per \$500 Trailer park 15% of gross rentals

Property taxes \$0.948 per \$100 of assessable base

Cash Flows

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the proprietary funds have defined cash equivalents as all highly liquid deposits and other investment instruments that have a maturity of three months or less.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

The County's receivables consist of amounts due from County residents for property and other taxes, utilities and miscellaneous services fees and amounts due from the federal and state governments for grants and shared taxes. The Water Quality department provides sewage and water services for residential, commercial and other entities in the Washington County, Maryland region. The department extends credit to its customers for sewer and water service charges.

Unrestricted Net Assets

Governmental activities unrestricted net assets have been reduced by \$49.6 million in long-term debt, resulting in unrestricted net assets of \$18.3 million. This long-term debt was incurred by the County's General Fund for the purpose of capital asset acquisition for the Board of Education of \$46.3 million and Hagerstown Community College of \$3.3 million. The capital assets acquired with these bonds are not reflected in the primary government financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Net Assets and Fund Equity

The difference between fund assets and liabilities is "Net Assets" on the government-wide and fiduciary fund statements and "Fund Balance" on governmental fund statements. Net Assets are classified as "Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt," legally "Restricted" for a specific purpose or "Unrestricted" and available for appropriation for general purposes.

In the governmental fund financial statements, non-spendable and restricted fund balance represent amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose or are otherwise not available for appropriation. Committed fund balance represents amounts that are reserved for a particular purpose by the County Commissioners of Washington County and would require action by the board to release the fund balance from its commitment. Assigned fund balance represents tentative management plans that are subject to change.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The County's budget process is key to its long-range strategic plan. With the adoption phase ending in May, the entire budget process encompasses nine months in preparation time. Financial forecasts, economic trends, policy reviews, and citizen input are all part of this process and result in the development of the operating and capital budgets for the year. The following describes the budget process and procedures established by the County.

Financial Capacity and Analysis Phase

The County develops statistical analysis of major revenue sources through various resources available. The County prepares and annually updates a long-range (10 years) financial forecasting system which includes projections of revenue, expenditures, future costs, financing of capital improvements that are included in the Capital Improvement Budgets, Cost of Service Plans and the Operating Budget.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

Budgetary Information (continued)

Financial Capacity and Analysis Phase (continued)

Revenue estimates are monitored to identify any potential trends, which would significantly impact the various revenue sources. The County reviews current construction trends, the number of building permits, mortgages rates, and other economic data that can impact revenue collections.

The County uses other financial modeling techniques that impact the long-term operations and rates for the Water Quality and Solid Waste Funds.

The County annually updates its financial ratio trends. Most of the financial trends include peer group median and historical data. Trend indicators are tracked for specific elements of the County's fiscal policies for evaluation.

Debt capacity is evaluated on an annual basis prior to the adoption of the Capital Improvement budget. The County examines statistical measures and compares them to other counties, rating agency standards, and Washington County's historical measures to determine debt affordability.

The economic and financial trend analysis is an integral part of the County's decision-making process that includes short and long-term forecasts. The County's current financial condition as well as future financial capacity, long-range plans, and future goals and visions are evaluated. During this phase forecasting assumptions, policy and reserve reviews, compensation adjustments, and inflation assumptions are made.

Budget Development Start

The development of the budget starts with the on-line release of operational budgets and ten year capital improvement budget. The information distributed includes instructions on completing the budgets, due dates, and updated information on budgetary numbers, personnel positions, goals, and other pertinent information.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

Budgetary Information (continued)

Budget Development Phase

Capital Improvement budget development begins in the winter after the development of the debt capacity and financial trend and economic trend analysis. The Capital Improvement Program (CIP) provides a comprehensive approach to planning and impacts all facets of County operations. The County Administrator, the Finance Director, the Planning Director, and the Director of Public Works comprise the Capital Improvements Program Committee (CIP Committee). From the time the CIP's initial annual review begins in October through its adoption in May of each fiscal year, there is constant interaction between departments, the CIP Committee, and the elected officials. This effort is characterized by cooperation and reflects a common goal of ensuring that the CIP meets the objectives of the County and remains affordable and achievable.

The CIP is reviewed in conjunction with the annual debt affordability analysis with revenue projections inclusive of rate analysis, in order to determine funding availability. A financial analysis of funding sources and project costs is conducted for all proposed capital improvement projects.

It is the CIP Committee's responsibility to review all requests that County departments and agencies submit. All projects are ranked based on established criteria for priority ranking. Considering current and future needs as developed in the ten-year capital plan, and available funding sources and the results of the priority ranking process, the CIP Committee determines which capital projects best meet established criteria for the current fiscal year Capital Improvement budget and the nine-year forecast. Operating impacts of current and proposed capital projects are also taken into consideration by staff when developing their Capital Improvement budget.

Operating budgets represent existing service levels and two years of prior historical information. Departments and agencies request funding for the upcoming fiscal year. Any increases in program and services require justification, as do, all capital outlay requests. These requests are summarized with projected funding shortfalls or overruns calculated.

Review and Modification Phase

The County Administrator presents the Operating and Capital Improvement budgets to the County Commissioners. Preliminary recommendations are reviewed to ensure that preliminary budgets address the County's goals and fiscal management policies. The County Administrator and the Director of Finance work with the Commissioners on the proposed budget documents for adoption.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

Budgetary Information (continued)

Adoption Phase

Proposed budgets are voted on by the County Commissioners to take to a public hearing to communicate to the general public for all operating and capital funds. The public hearing is advertised in the local newspaper and on the County web site. A presentation and handouts are prepared for the public.

Public hearings are held on the proposed budgets and the current tax levy. Local law requires a balanced budget to be adopted by July 1.

Start Up

Department Managers are responsible for their budgets throughout the fiscal year. Expenditure percentages are calculated and compared to budget. Corrective action, if necessary, is taken if serious negative trends exist. Management and the County Commissioners have real-time budgeting reports available on-line as well as updates on major events and/or issues.

Balanced Budget

Under County code, the County Commissioners annual budget shall have a figure for the total of all appropriations and a figure for the total of all revenue available to pay the appropriations. The figure for total appropriations may not exceed the figure for total estimated revenue.

Costing of Services

In addition to accrual basis budgeting, several enterprise funds utilize a cost of service approach. Cost of service is a method of accounting, which identifies both the cost of the program and the portion of the cost that will be recovered through fees and charges. By using this financial technique, the County is able to assess the true cost of providing a service. Currently, water, sewer, and solid waste services use this approach to determine cost and rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY (continued)

Budgetary Information (continued)

Amendment to the Budget

The County's operating budgets are adopted at the program and service level and the Capital Improvement budget is adopted at the project level. Transfers between programs or projects in excess of \$25,000 require County Commissioner's approval.

The Director of Budget and Finance reviews the project status and revenue before any issuance of debt. Any modifications to a project and/or the total debt to be issued based upon this review is required to be approved by the County Commissioners either for an increase or decrease in total borrowing amount or for a change in the total borrowing source.

3. CASH AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS

County

The County maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds, and is displayed on the Statement of Net Assets as "cash and short-term investments."

Statutes authorize the County to invest in United States government bonds, obligations of the Federal government or agencies, savings accounts in Maryland banks, repurchase agreements and the Maryland Local Government Investment Pool.

Deposits

As of June 30, 2012, the carrying amount of the County's deposits was \$31,964,019 and the bank balances were \$33,715,581. All deposits are carried at cost plus accrued interest. There were no significant violations of the collateralization requirements during the year ended June 30, 2012. The County's deposit policy specifies that all deposits must be entirely covered by Federal depository insurance, deposit surety bond, or by collateral in the form of pledged securities, according to state statute. In order to anticipate market changes and provide a level of security for all funds, the collateralization level is required to be at least 102% of market value of principal and accrued interest.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2012, the County's bank balance of \$33,715,581 was not exposed to custodial credit risk as \$250,000 of interest bearing accounts and \$250,000 of noninterest bearing accounts are insured by FDIC and \$60,000,000 is insured by a deposit surety bond issued by Harford Fire Insurance Company.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

3. CASH AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments

As of June 30, 2012, the County had the following investments and maturities.

Investment Type	Fair Value	Less than 1	1-5	6-10	More than 10
Investments held in County's name:					
U.S. government obligations, municipal					
and corporate bonds	\$135,785,411	\$115,780,311	\$ 20,005,100	\$ -	\$ -
Certificates of Deposit	400,000		400,000		
Total investments held in County's name	136,185,411	115,780,311	20,405,100		
Investments held by trustee of					
Pension plan:					
U.S. government obligations, municipal					
and corporate bonds	16,179,472	2,798,419	1,543,370	4,121,935	7,715,748
Fixed income securities	2,204,601	2,204,601	-	-	-
Corporate stocks	21,428,878	21,428,878	-	-	-
Equity funds	21,210,844	21,210,844	-	-	-
Money market funds	1,878,605	1,878,605	-	-	-
Interest and dividends receivable	139,918	139,918	-	-	-
Total Investments held by trustee of					
pension plan	63,042,318	49,661,265	1,543,370	4,121,935	7,715,748
Investments held by trustee of					
LOSAP plan:					
U.S. government obligations and					
corporate bonds	1,410,059	251,362	176,010	342,867	639,820
Corporate stocks	1,815,548	1,815,548	-	-	-
Fixed income funds	251,870	251,870	-	-	-
Equity funds	1,851,246	1,851,246	-	-	-
Money market funds	97,146	97,146	-	-	-
Interest and dividends receivable	12,658	12,658	-	-	-
Total Investments held by trustee of					
LOSAP plan	5,438,527	4,279,830	176,010	342,867	639,820
Investments held by trustee of					
OPEB plan:					
U.S. government obligations and					
corporate bonds	2,444,867	407,087	351,911	457,170	1,228,699
Corporate stocks	2,471,510	2,471,510	-	-	-
Equity funds	3,780,418	3,780,418	-	-	-
Money market funds	375,780	375,780	-	-	-
Interest and dividends receivable	25,116	25,116	-	-	-
Total Investments held by trustee of					
OPEB plan	9,097,691	7,059,911	351,911	457,170	1,228,699
Total investments	\$213,763,947	\$ 176,781,317	\$ 22,476,391	\$ 4,921,972	\$ 9,584,267

<u>Interest Rate Risk:</u> As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from interest rates, the County's investment policy specifies that funds shall be invested at all times in keeping with the daily and seasonal pattern of the County's cash balances, as well as any other special factors or needs, in order to assure the availability of funds on a timely and liquid basis. Cash flow projections will be monitored and updated on an ongoing basis by the Budget and Finance Department and communicated regularly to the County Administrator. On a periodic basis, the County will determine, based on cash flow projections, what the appropriate average weighted maturity of the portfolio should be.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

3. CASH AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments (continued)

Unless matched to a specific cash flow, the County will not invest in securities maturing more than three years from the date of purchase. Reserve funds may be invested in securities exceeding three years if the maturities of such instruments precede or coincide with the expected needs for funds and only with the prior approval of the Budget and Finance Department.

The County's Pension Plan Investment Policy states that the assets are to be managed for total return, defined as dividend and interest income plus or minus capital gains and losses. Investments shall be diversified so as to minimize the risk of unacceptable losses. The portfolio is looked at as a whole rather than as individual securities. Investing for long term (preferably longer than 10 years) becomes critical to investment success because it allows the long-term characteristics of the asset classes to surface.

The table below summarizes the target asset class weighting, along with the allowable ranges for each class.

Investment Type	Range	Target
Equities:		
Large-Cap U.S. Stocks	25-45%	35%
Small-Cap U.S. Stocks	0-15%	10%
International Stocks	5-20%	15%
REITS	0-10%	5%
Fixed Income:		
High Yield Bonds	0-15%	10%
Investment Grade Bonds	5-30%	23%
Money Market	0-10%	2%

Credit Risk: It is the County's investment policy to only invest in U.S. Government Treasury obligations, agencies and sponsored instrumentalities. Also the County's investment policy allows for investments in banks located in the State of Maryland (Certificates of Deposit) with the exception of Bankers Acceptances. Commercial banks must have a short-term rating of at least investment grade from the appropriate bank rating agencies. Bankers' Acceptances from domestic banks, which also include United States affiliates of large international banks, must have a rating of Al from Standards and Poor's Corporation and P1 from Moody's Investor Services. As of June 30, 2012, the County's investments were 100% in U.S. Treasury and Agency obligations and certificates of deposit.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

3. CASH AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments (continued)

The County's Pension Plan Investment Policy allows for investing in the following investment types. Also, below is the benchmark used for rating each of the assets:

	Evaluation
Investment Type	Benchmark
Equities:	
Large-Cap U.S. Stocks	S&P 500
Small-Cap U.S. Stocks	Russell 2000
International Stocks	MSCI ACWI
REITS	NAREIT Equity
Fixed Income:	
High Yield Bonds	Barclays High Yield Credit Bond Index
Investment Grade Bonds	Barclays Aggregate Bond Index
Money Market	Citigroup 90 Day T-Bill Index

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u>: For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the County will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. As of June 30, 2012, none of the County's investments are exposed to custodial credit risk because they are held in the County's name.

Board of Education

Cash:

Credit Risk: Maryland State Law prescribed that local government units, such as the School System, must deposit its cash in banks transacting business in the State of Maryland, and that such banks must secure any deposits in excess of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance levels with collateral whose market value is at least equal to the deposits. Through December 31, 2012, all deposits held in noninterest-bearing accounts are fully insured. Any cash deposit exceeding the FDIC insurance level will require collateralization. Additionally, a compensating balance agreement exists with the Board's primary financial institution. This non-interest bearing deposit is maintained in lieu of cash payments for standard bank services. The required average balance totaled \$250,000 as of June 30, 2012.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

3. CASH AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

Board of Education (continued)

Compliance is summarized as follows:

June 30, 2012	-	overnmental Activities	ness Type tivities	Fiduciary ponsibilties	Total
Carrying amount of cash deposits	\$	15,033,653	\$ 2,939	\$ 2,865,862	\$ 17,902,454
Bank balance of cash deposits		18,050,532	2,939	2,972,810	21,026,281
Amount covered by FDIC		530,921	2,031	2,279,358	2,812,310
Amount collateralized with securities held by an agent of the pledging financial institution in the					
School system's name		17,519,611	908	693,452	18,213,971

Investments:

<u>Credit Risk</u>: Maryland statutes authorize the School System to invest in obligations of the United States government or agency obligations.

<u>Interest and Custodial Risk</u>: Investments are made in fully secured time deposits and in Federal government securities primarily through repurchase agreements without risk of loss due to market conditions. The Board's investments, which include uninsured and unregistered investments, are held by a bank's trust department or agent in the School System's name. The Board's policy is generally to require delivery of the underlying collateral to a third party custodian.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u>: Maryland law does not permit the School System to have or hold any type of international investment vehicle.

<u>Market Risk</u>: The School System's investments are exposed to various risks, such as interest rate, market, currency and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investments and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the value of investments, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in risks in the near term would materially affect investment assets reported in the financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

3. CASH AND SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

Board of Education (continued)

As of June 30, 2012, the School System had the following investments and maturities:

June 30, 2012	 vernmental Activities	ess-Type ivities	luciary onsibilites		Total
Federal National Mortgage Association—		-			
Step Up/Variable, matures September 21, 2016	\$ 2,500,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$	2,500,000
Federal Home Loan Bank –Step Up/Variable					
matures May 24, 2019	2,000,000	-	-		2,000,000
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp 1.375%					
matures September 14, 2017	3,000,000	-	-		3,000,000
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp					
2.012% matures November 24, 2014					
(net of unamortized premium of \$252,891)	5,247,109	-	-		5,247,109
Federal National Mortgage Association - 1.25%					
matures October 17, 2016	2,000,000	-	-		2,000,000
Federal National Mortgage Association - 1.375%					
matures October 19, 2016	3,000,000	-	-		3,000,000
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp 1.4%					
matures January 25, 2017	4,000,000	-	-		4,000,000
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp 1.0%					
matures February 27, 2017	5,000,000	-	-		5,000,000
Income Fund of America			 51,026		51,026
	\$ 26,747,109	\$ 	\$ 51,026	\$	26,798,135

J	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in Years)							
Ju	June 30, 2012 Less		Less than 1		1-5		6-10	More t	than 10
\$	26,747,109	\$	_	\$	21,747,109	\$	5,000,000	\$	
	51,026		51,026						
\$	26,798,135	\$	51,026	\$	21,747,109	\$	5,000,000	\$	
		\$ 26,747,109 51,026	June 30, 2012 Les \$ 26,747,109 \$ 51,026 \$	June 30, 2012 Less than 1 \$ 26,747,109 \$ - 51,026 51,026	June 30, 2012 Less than 1 \$ 26,747,109 \$ - \$ 51,026 51,026	June 30, 2012 Less than 1 1-5 \$ 26,747,109 \$ - \$ 21,747,109 51,026 51,026	June 30, 2012 Less than 1 1-5 \$ 26,747,109 \$ - \$ 21,747,109 \$ 51,026 51,026 \$ 1,026	June 30, 2012 Less than 1 1-5 6-10 \$ 26,747,109 \$ - \$ 21,747,109 \$ 5,000,000 51,026 51,026 - -	June 30, 2012 Less than 1 1-5 6-10 More of the second seco

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year-end for the government's funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

		Governmental Activities								
	General	Non-Major	Capital Projects	Total						
Receivables:										
Taxes receivable	\$ 1,282,411	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,282,411						
Accounts receivable	420,096	277,977	4,439,827	5,137,900						
Gross receivables	1,702,507	277,977	4,439,827	6,420,311						
Less: allowance for uncollectibles	243,470	500		243,970						
Net Total Receivables	\$ 1,459,037	\$ 277,477	\$ 4,439,827	\$ 6,176,341						

Business-type Activities									
Water									
Quality	Solid Waste	Airport	Non-major	Total					
\$ 1,017,923	\$ 225,062	\$ 143,102	\$ 15,863	\$ 1,401,950					
12,295	23,012	8,533	1,511	45,351					
\$ 1,005,628	\$ 202,050	\$ 134,569	\$ 14,352	\$ 1,356,599					
	Quality \$ 1,017,923 12,295	Water Quality Solid Waste \$ 1,017,923 \$ 225,062 12,295 23,012	Water Quality Solid Waste Airport \$ 1,017,923 \$ 225,062 \$ 143,102 12,295 23,012 8,533	Water Quality Solid Waste Airport Non-major \$ 1,017,923 \$ 225,062 \$ 143,102 \$ 15,863 12,295 23,012 8,533 1,511					

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. As of the end of the current fiscal year deferred revenue for delinquent property taxes receivable reported in the General Fund was \$275,335. Receivables do not include various taxes collected by the State of Maryland on behalf of the County, including income taxes. These amounts are included in Due From Other Governmental Agencies.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

Primary Government

	Balance	4.7764	To all	Balance
	June 30, 2011	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2012
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 69,476,984	\$ 2,577,072	\$ (62,952)	\$ 71,991,104
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Land Improvements	0.161.029		(12.010)	0.149.019
	9,161,928	2 420 240	(13,010)	9,148,918
Building and Improvements Vehicles	64,627,486	3,439,340	(153,957)	67,912,869
Infrastructure	11,502,208	248,683	(277,328)	11,473,563
	1,117,391,706	7,386,979	(1.247.524)	1,124,778,685
Machinery and Equipment	8,639,791	1,511,553	(1,347,534)	8,803,810
Office Furniture and Equipment	5,555,445	-	(68,130)	5,487,315
Computer Equipment	27,262,754	845,954	(21,786)	28,086,922
Total capital assets, being depreciated	1,244,141,318	13,432,509	(1,881,745)	1,255,692,082
Total Capital Assets	1,313,618,302	16,009,581	(1,944,697)	1,327,683,186
Accumulated depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(4,231,203)	(338,917)	5,351	(4,564,769)
Building and Improvements	(21,327,231)	(1,881,934)	79,998	(23,129,167)
Vehicles	(9,745,083)	(787,172)	277,328	(10,254,927)
Infrastructure	(849,074,864)	(18,936,036)	-	(868,010,900)
Machinery and Equipment	(6,319,499)	(498,831)	788,379	(6,029,951)
Office Furniture and Equipment	(4,335,409)	(432,423)	68,130	(4,699,702)
Computer Equipment	(8,839,074)	(2,543,627)	21,786	(11,360,915)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(903,872,363)	(25,418,940)	1,240,972	(928,050,331)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, net	\$ 409,745,939	\$ (9,409,359)	\$ (703,725)	\$ 399,632,855
Projects Under Construction	\$ 15,224,424	\$ 15,893,668	\$ (17,780,898)	\$ 13,337,194

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

5. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Business-type Activities

Business-type activities:	Balance June 30, 2011				Retirements		Balance June 30, 2012	
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	11,760,175	\$		\$		\$	11,760,175
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Land Improvements		127,379,653		8,824,163		(109,348)		136,094,468
Building and Improvements		54,764,575		487,480		-		55,252,055
Facilities		110,533,575		235,637		-		110,769,212
Vehicles		6,947,236		49,510		(25,189)		6,971,557
Machinery and Equipment		9,914,991		163,089		(44,159)		10,033,921
Office Furniture and Equipment		323,205		-		-		323,205
Computer Equipment		2,276,925		21,786		(15,873)		2,282,838
Treatment Plants		51,471,642		-		(22,167)		51,449,475
Total capital assets, being depreciated		363,611,802		9,781,665		(216,736)		373,176,731
Total capital assets		375,371,977		9,781,665		(216,736)		384,936,906
Accumulated depreciation for:								
Land Improvements		(47,709,020)		(7,413,096)		106,868		(55,015,248)
Building and Improvements		(11,809,047)		(1,390,713)		-		(13,199,760)
Facilities		(25,485,933)		(1,419,360)		-		(26,905,293)
Vehicles		(3,894,487)		(700,156)		25,189		(4,569,454)
Machinery and Equipment		(7,347,996)		(531,631)		39,557		(7,840,070)
Office Furniture and Equipment		(320,171)		(2,165)		-		(322,336)
Computer Equipment		(1,222,872)		(250,975)		15,873		(1,457,974)
Treatment Plants		(18,752,008)		(969,760)		22,167		(19,699,601)
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(116,541,534)		(12,677,856)		209,654		(129,009,736)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	258,830,443	\$	(2,896,191)	\$	(7,082)	\$	255,927,170
Projects Under Construction	\$	4,071,837	\$	7,309,379	\$	(9,448,528)	\$	1,932,688

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

5. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
General Government	\$ 20,284,909
Public Safety	4,091,051
Recreation	373,604
Conservation of Natural Resources	5,556
Highway	512,968
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 25,268,088
Business-Type Activities:	
Transit Fund	\$ 570,788
Airport Fund	6,335,325
Golf Course Fund	74,849
Water Quality Fund	2,877,340
Solid Waste Fund	 2,714,362
Total Depreciation Expense – Business-Type Activities	\$ 12,572,664

Board of Education (Discretely presented component unit)

	Balance			Balance
	June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2012
Government Activities				
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 4,500,513	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,500,513
Facilities under construction	1,130,485	715,632	(1,130,485)	715,632
	5,630,998	715,632	(1,130,485)	5,216,145
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Building and Improvements	289,839,587	58,178	(65,090)	289,832,675
Furniture and equipment	36,406,811	4,107,884	(1,911,705)	38,602,990
Equipment under capital leases	10,722,040			10,722,040
	336,968,438	4,166,062	(1,976,795)	339,157,705
Accumulated depreciation:				
Building and Improvements	(106,062,010)	(6,770,535)	-	(112,832,545)
Furniture and equipment, including				
equipment under capital leases	(21,355,185)	(3,819,105)	1,828,878	(23,345,412)
	(127,417,195)	(10,589,640)	1,828,878	(136,177,957)
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 215,182,241	\$ (5,707,946)	\$ (1,278,402)	\$ 208,195,893

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

5. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Board of Education (continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the functions/programs of the Board as follows:

		Balance ne 30, 2011	1	Additions	Ret	irements	Balance ne 30, 2012
Business-Type Activities							
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Furniture and equipment	\$	4,227,858	\$	207,482	\$	(38,604)	\$ 4,396,736
Accumulated depreciation							
Furniture and equipment		(2,811,898)		(217,609)		36,738	 (2,992,769)
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	1,415,960	\$	(10,127)	\$	(1,866)	\$ 1,403,967
Governmental activities:							
Other instructional costs			\$	2,004,242			
Student transportation services				1,078,969			
Operation of plant				160,883			
Depreciation - unallocated				7,345,546			
Total governmental activities depreciation expe	nse		\$	10,589,640			
Business-type activities:							
Food services			\$	217,609			

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds" and are the result of the County's central cash management and disbursement system. Other activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are also referred to in the fund statements as "due to/from other funds."

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (continued)

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	 Amount		
General Fund	Airport	\$ 20,000		
Water Quality	General Fund	16,734,336		
	Airport	739,388		
	Golf Course	349,015		
	Public Transit	259,744		
	НЕРМРО	37,451		
Solid Waste	General Fund	12,117,968		
	Airport	535,419		
	Golf Course	252,735		
	Public Transit	188,090		
	НЕРМРО	27,120		
Capital Projects	General Fund	 71,716,686		
Total		\$ 102,977,952		

Due to/from primary government and component unit:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	Amount
Primary government- capital projects	Component unit - Board of Education	\$ 448,070
Component unit - Board of Education	Primary government- capital projects	2,632,300

The General Fund receivable from the Airport has a June 30, 2012, balance of \$20,000 which is an interest free loan and is being paid over a remaining 2 year period. All other interfund payables are without interest.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

7. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During the course of normal operations, the County has numerous transactions between funds. Usually these transfers are undertaken to enable the receiving funds to provide services that the government has determined to be in the best interest of the County. Interfund transactions are generally classified as follows:

Transfers are reported as "Other Financing Sources (Uses)" in the governmental funds and as "Operating Transfers" or "Capital Transfers" in the enterprise funds. A summary of transfers follows:

Fund	Operating Transfers In	Operating Transfers Out	Capital Transfers In	Capital Transfers Out	
				Transfers out	
General Fund:					
Capital Projects	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ 3,615,000	
Solid Waste	-	542,500	-	-	
Public Transit	-	472,270	-	-	
Water Quality	-	4,214,786	-	-	
Community Partnership	-	236,939	-	-	
Agricultural Education Center	-	100,000	-	-	
Golf Course	-	70,780	-	-	
НЕРМРО	-	4,280	-	-	
Land Preservation	-	62,161	-	-	
Capital Projects Fund:					
General Fund	-	-	3,578,900	-	
Airport Fund	-	217,047	-	-	
Golf Course	-	-	-	8,500	
Solid Waste:					
General Fund	542,500	-	-	-	
Public Transit:					
General Fund	472,270	-	-	-	
Capital Project Fund	-	-	15,100	-	
НЕРМРО	-	11,980	-	-	
Water Quality:					
General Fund	4,214,786	-	-	-	
Airport:					
Capital Project Fund	217,047	-	21,000	-	
Golf Course					
General Fund	70,780	_	_	-	
Capital Project Fund	-	_	8,500	-	
Local Management Board:					
General Fund	236,939	_	_	-	
Agricultural Education Center:					
General Fund	100,000	_	_	-	
НЕРМРО					
General Fund	4,280	_	-	-	
Public Transit Fund	11,980	_	-	-	
Land Preservation					
General Fund	62,161	-	_	-	
Total	\$ 5,932,743	\$ 5,932,743	\$ 3,623,500	\$ 3,623,500	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

8. LONG-TERM AND CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS

The County issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds have been issued for both governmental and business-type activities. During the year, general obligation bonds totaling \$17,765,000 were issued for new projects and \$7,740,000 were issued to refund bonds and loans outstanding. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the County. These bonds generally are issued as 20-year serial bonds with different amounts of principal maturing each year. General obligation bonds and capital lease obligations currently outstanding are as follows:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

8. LONG-TERM AND CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (continued)

	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds	2.0-5.5%	\$ 121,223,199	\$ 18,166,420	\$ 15,463,070	\$ 123,926,549	\$ 9,594,690
Deferred amount on refunding		(1,061,527)	(559,268)	(172,219)	(1,448,576)	-
Unamortized bond premium Unamortized bond discount		1,207,355 (35,451)	1,050,508	166,129 (32,496)	2,091,734 (2,955)	-
Total bonds payable		121,333,576	18,657,660	15,424,484	124,566,752	9,594,690
Other loans payable	1.00/	6.026.722		200.045	5.745.000	282 221
Maryland Water Quality loans	1.0%	6,026,733		280,845	5,745,888	283,321
Total bonds and loans payable		127,360,309	18,657,660	15,705,329	130,312,640	9,878,011
Agricultural Land Preservation	3.0%	2,568,746	-	517,736	2,051,010	517,736
Capital lease obligations	2.1%		759,137	158,267	600,870	145,522
Governmental Activity						
Long-term Liabilities		129,929,055	19,416,797	16,381,332	132,964,520	10,541,269
Business-type Activities						
Bonds payable:						
General obligation bonds	2.0-5.5%	\$ 42,911,627	\$ 7,338,580	\$ 14,460,104	\$ 35,790,103	\$ 2,339,865
Deferred amount on refunding Unamortized bond premium		(1,027,403)	(49,849)	(160,235) 42,474	(917,017) 599,195	-
Unamortized bond discount		365,414 (29,739)	276,255	(5,764)	(23,975)	_
Total bonds payable		42,219,899	7,564,986	14,336,579	35,448,306	2,339,865
Other loans payable:						
Maryland Water Quality loans	0.40-3.3%	19,185,877	-	2,208,975	16,976,902	2,111,105
State loans	5.5-6.4%	1,398,463		1,398,463		
Other loans payable		20,584,340		3,607,438	16,976,902	2,111,105
Total bonds and loans payable		62,804,239	7,564,986	17,944,017	52,425,208	4,450,970
Capital lease obligations	4.0-4.3%	176,624		111,123	65,501	65,501
Business-type Activity						
Long-term Liabilities		62,980,863	7,564,986	18,055,140	52,490,709	4,516,471
Total Combined Activities Long-term Liabilities		\$ 192,909,918	\$ 26,981,783	\$ 34,436,472	\$ 185,455,229	\$ 15,057,740
Board of Education	4.5-8.04%	\$ 8,739,164	\$ -	\$ 728,076	\$ 8,011,088	\$ 780,120

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

8. LONG-TERM AND CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Summary of remaining debt service requirements for the years ended June 30, are as follows:

Year ending	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Combined	Activities
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2013	\$ 9,878,011	\$ 4,314,442	\$ 4,450,970	\$ 1,885,748	\$ 14,328,981	\$ 6,200,190
2014	10,020,624	4,174,608	4,562,985	1,970,062	14,583,609	6,144,670
2015	9,702,503	3,847,355	4,416,526	1,997,660	14,119,029	5,845,015
2016	9,155,717	3,501,972	3,538,212	2,465,116	12,693,929	5,967,088
2017	8,888,594	3,188,633	3,372,114	2,441,000	12,260,708	5,629,633
2018-2022	37,173,919	11,656,375	17,448,393	8,246,684	54,622,312	19,903,059
2023-2027	30,018,378	5,617,398	9,067,498	1,752,048	39,085,876	7,369,446
2028-2032	14,026,302	1,160,482	5,528,696	477,512	19,554,998	1,637,994
2033	808,389	12,631	381,611	5,963	1,190,000	18,594
Total	129,672,437	\$ 37,473,896	52,767,005	\$ 21,241,793	182,439,442	\$ 58,715,689
Less: Deferred amount on						
refunding	(1,448,576)		(917,017)		(2,365,593)	
Unamortized discount	(2,955)		(23,975)		(26,930)	
	* * * *				, , ,	
Unamortized premium	\$ 120 212 640		\$ 599,195		2,690,929	
	\$ 130,312,640		\$ 52,425,208		\$ 182,737,848	

The County Commissioners have received bonding authority from the State Legislature to issue public facilities bonds for the purpose of financing various capital projects. As of June 30, 2012, the unused authorization was \$26,672,722.

Conduit Debt

From time to time, the County has issued Industrial Revenue Bonds to provide financial assistance to private-sector entities for the acquisition and construction of industrial and commercial facilities deemed to be in the public interest. The bonds are secured by the property financed and are payable solely from payments received in the underlying mortgage loans. Upon repayment of the bonds, ownership of the acquired facilities transfers to the private-sector entity served by the bond issuance. Neither the County, the State, nor any political subdivision thereof is obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. In accordance with governmental accounting standards, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. As of June 30, 2012, there were Industrial Revenue Bonds outstanding with an aggregate principal amount payable of \$58,464,744.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

8. LONG-TERM AND CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Agricultural Land Preservation Installments

The County has entered into installment contracts to purchase easements for agricultural land preservation purposes. Under the terms of the installment contracts, the County pays the property owner annual interest and principal payments over the ten year term of the contract. The primary source of revenue for repayment of the indebtedness is a portion of the transfer tax on all transfers of real property in the County. The annual requirements to amortize agricultural preservation installments outstanding as of June 30, 2012, are as follows:

As of				Total
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Requirement	
2013	\$ 517,736	\$ 61,530	\$	579,266
2014	517,737	45,998		563,735
2015	517,737	30,466		548,203
2016	351,794	14,934		366,728
2017	146,007	4,380		150,387
	\$ 2,051,011	\$ 157,308	\$	2,208,319

For the year ended June 30, 2012, total principal and interest incurred related to agricultural land preservation installments was \$517,736 and \$77,062, respectively.

Capital Leases

On January 15, 2012, the General Fund entered into a capital lease agreement for equipment. The lease calls for annual lease payments of \$158,267 and expires January 15, 2016. The future minimum lease payments under this agreement are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2013	\$ 158,267
2014	158,267
2015	158,267
2016	 158,267
Total minimum payments	633,068
Less: amounts representing interest	 32,198
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 600,870

On October 3, 2008, the Solid Waste Fund entered into a capital lease agreement for equipment. The lease calls for annual lease payments of \$37,846 through October 3, 2012. On May 26, 2009, the Solid Waste Fund entered into a capital lease agreement for equipment. The lease calls for annual lease payments of \$30,370 through May 26, 2013.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

8. LONG-TERM AND CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Capital Leases (continued)

The future minimum lease payments under these agreements are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2013	\$ 68,217
Total minimum lease payments	 68,217
Less: amounts representing interest	 2,716
Present value of net minimum lease payments	\$ 65,501

The following is an analysis of the capital assets acquired under capital leases as of June 30, 2012.

	C	Capitalized		Accumulated		NBV	
		Amount		Depreciation		June 30, 2012	
General Fund	\$	1,281,325	\$	32,451	\$	1,248,874	
Solid Waste		314,975		98,873		216,102	
	\$	1,596,300	\$	131,324	\$	1,464,976	

Board of Education

The Board of Education has various capital lease agreements for certain building data processing and communications equipment. Information for assets acquired from capital leases is not available. The future minimum payments under these agreements are as follows:

Year ending June 30,	1	Principal	 Interest	 Total
2013	\$	780,120	\$ 417,638	\$ 1,197,758
2014		628,493	361,160	989,653
2015		648,159	312,229	960,388
2016		372,666	260,802	633,468
2017		389,818	243,650	633,468
2018-2022		2,235,320	932,022	3,167,342
2023-2027		2,799,327	368,015	3,167,342
2028		157,185	1,182	 158,367
	\$	8,011,088	\$ 2,896,698	\$ 10,907,786

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

8. LONG-TERM AND CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Advance Refunding

In prior years, the County has partially defeased certain bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for certain future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the partially defeased bonds are not included in the County's financial statements. As of June 30, 2012, \$14,450,000 of long-term obligations outstanding are considered defeased.

9. OPERATING LEASE AGREEMENTS

County

During fiscal year 2004, the County entered into a lease agreement whereby the lessee constructed a building and improvements on land owned at the Airport. The total cost of the building and improvements was capitalized as an asset in the Airport fund with an estimated useful life of 40 years. As of June 30, 2004, the building and improvements were estimated at \$2,500,000. During the year ended June 30, 2005, a revised cost was obtained reducing the value to \$2,000,000. The \$500,000 adjustment was recorded as a reduction to fixed assets and deferred revenue in the June 30, 2005, financial statements. The terms of the original agreement which began June 30, 2004, allowed the lessee to use the property for a period of 25 years, with no additional payments due. During fiscal year 2006, this lease was amended with lease terms extended to 31 years and an additional building and improvements valued at \$1,800,000 were capitalized as an asset in the Airport fund with an estimated useful life of 40 years. During fiscal year 2009, a second amendment to the lease agreement allowed for additional building and improvements valued at \$400,000 and an extension of the lease through December 31, 2042. The addition was capitalized as an asset in the Airport fund with an estimated useful life of 40 years. Deferred revenue in the amount of \$2,500,000 was recorded in the Airport fund at the inception of this lease but was adjusted down to \$2,000,000 during year ended 2005, and was to be recognized as rental income over the original 25 year term of the lease. Since the amendments extending the lease term and the additional capitalization of building and improvements, the remaining deferred revenue of \$3,587,724 as of June 30, 2012, will be amortized over 33 years. The terms of the agreement as amended in fiscal year 2006, allows the lessee to use the property for a period of 31 years. The terms of the lease agreement require that the lessee pay the County annual rent of \$5,250 beginning May 1, 2006, with an annual increase of 4% each May 1st thereafter. The lease also requires that the County credit the lessee \$127,500 for the lessee's incurred costs in excavating the site for the addition. The agreement allows an option for the lessee to continue the lease past the 31 year term at a rental payment equal to the fair market rental value of the leased property at that time.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

9. **OPERATING LEASE AGREEMENTS** (continued)

County (continued)

During fiscal year 2004, the County entered into a lease agreement whereby the lessee began building improvements on land and buildings owned at the Airport. During fiscal year 2006, the improvements were completed for a total cost of \$1,165,000, which was capitalized as an asset in the Airport fund with an estimated useful life of 40 years on June 30, 2006. The terms of the agreement which began June 30, 2006, allows the lessee to use the property for a period of 17 years, with no payments due during the initial five year term of the lease. In subsequent years, the lessee agreed to pay rent equal to the then-prevailing fair market rental value of the original 2,000 square feet of the leased property. Deferred revenue in the amount of \$1,165,000 was recorded in the Airport fund at the inception of the lease.

During fiscal year 2006, the County entered into a lease agreement whereby the lessee constructed a building and improvements on land owned at the Airport. The total cost of the building and improvements was \$3,100,000, which was capitalized as an asset in the Airport fund with an estimated useful life of 40 years on June 30, 2006. The terms of the agreement which began June 30, 2006, allows the lessee to use the property for a period of 39 years (primary terms). The terms of the lease agreement require that the lessee pay the County annual rent of \$5,200 during the primary terms of the lease with an annual increase of 3% each year. The agreement allows an option for the lessee to continue the lease past the 39 year term at a rental payment equal to the fair market rental value of the leased property at that time. Deferred revenue in the amount of \$3,100,000 was recorded in the Airport fund at the inception of the lease.

During fiscal year 2007, the County entered into a lease agreement whereby the lessee constructed a building and improvements for \$5,500,000, which was capitalized as an asset in the Airport fund with an estimated useful life of 40 years on June 30, 2007. The terms of the agreement, which began December 1, 2006, allows the lessee to use the property for a period of 39 years (primary terms). The terms of the lease agreement require that the lessee pay the County annual rent of \$15,750 during the primary terms of the lease with an annual increase of 4% each year. The agreement allows an option for the lessee to continue the lease past the 39 year term at a rental payment equal to the fair market rental value of the leased property at that time. Deferred revenue in the amount of \$5,500,000 was recorded in the Airport fund on June 30, 2007.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

9. **OPERATING LEASE AGREEMENTS** (continued)

County (continued)

During fiscal year 2010, the County entered into a lease agreement whereby the lessee constructed a building and improvements for \$3,000,000, which was capitalized as an asset in the Airport fund with an estimated useful life of 40 years on June 30, 2010. The terms of the agreement, which began June 1, 2009, allows the lessee to use the property for a period of 39 years (primary terms). The terms of the lease agreement require that the lessee pay the County annual rent of \$13,208 during the primary terms of the lease with an annual increase of 4% each year. Deferred revenue in the amount of \$3,000,000 was recorded in the Airport fund on June 30, 2010.

During fiscal year 2010, the County entered into a lease agreement whereby the lessee constructed a building and improvements for \$3,800,000, which was capitalized as an asset in the Airport fund with an estimated useful life of 40 years on June 30, 2010. The terms of the agreement, which began November 1, 2009, allows the lessee to use the property for a period of 39 years (primary years). The terms of the lease agreement require that the lessee pay the County annual rent of \$17,000 during the primary terms of the lease with an annual increase of 4% each year. The lease also requires that the County credit the lessee \$250,000 for the lessee's incurred costs in site preparation and excavation costs. The agreement allows for an option for the lessee to continue the lease past the 39 year term at a rental payment equal to the fair market rental value of the leased property at that time. Deferred revenue in the amount of \$3,800,000 was recorded in the Airport fund as of June 30, 2010.

During fiscal year 2011, the County entered into a lease agreement whereby the lessee constructed a building and improvements for \$4,500,000, which was capitalized as an asset in the Airport fund with an estimated useful life of 40 years on June 30, 2011. The terms of the agreement, which began July 1, 2010, allows the lessee to use the property for a period of 39 years (primary years). The terms of the lease agreement require that the lessee pay the County annual rent of \$15,985 during the primary terms of the lease with an annual increase of 4% each year. The agreement allows for an option for the lessee to continue the lease past the 39 year term at a rental payment equal to the fair market rental value of the leased property at that time. Deferred revenue in the amount of \$4,500,000 was recorded in the Airport fund as of June 30, 2011.

During year ending June 30, 2012, rental income for the above leases of \$770,701 was recognized in the Airport Fund.

On January 1, 2006, the County entered into an agreement with Spirit Services, Inc. of Washington County to lease and operate the Conococheague Industrial Pretreatment Facility. Under the lease agreement, Spirit Services, Inc., has exclusive control and management of the pretreatment facility and assumes all responsibility for utility and maintenance expenses.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

9. OPERATING LEASE AGREEMENTS (continued)

County (continued)

The term of the lease runs for a period of ninety-nine years with fixed monthly rent payments of \$28,800. During the year ended June 30, 2012, outsourcing revenue of \$345,600 was recognized in the Water Quality Fund.

Black Rock Golf Course had a lease agreement for golf carts which expired in December 2011. On January 19, 2012, Black Rock Golf Course entered into a new lease for golf carts. The agreement called for lease payments of \$8,077 payable from April through November of each year. The lease term is for six years commencing on March 1, 2012. Total lease payments for the year ended June 30, 2012, were \$60,155.

10. UNUSED VACATION AND SICK LEAVE

County

The County accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employee-related costs when earned or estimated to be earned by the employee. The accrual of vacation leave is based upon individual salary rates in effect as of June 30 2012, and is capped at 25 days. The accrual of sick leave is based on payment upon retirement at a rate of \$10 per day for each unused sick leave day up to a total of 130 days. Total unpaid vacation and sick leave accrued at June 30, 2012, was \$2,347,663 and \$569,734, respectively. Unused vacation and sick leave will be liquidated by the respective government and enterprise funds where the current employee costs are recorded.

Board of Education

The School System accrues accumulated unpaid vacation and sick leave and associated employee-related costs when earned or estimated to be earned by the employee. The accrual of vacation leave is based upon individual salary rates in effect as of June 30. The accrual of sick leave is based on payment upon retirement at rates set forth in the various negotiated agreements. Sick leave is estimated to be earned once an employee has obtained 25 years of service or 55 years of age. Total unpaid vacation and sick leave accrued as of June 30, 2012, was \$6,460,986. Total employee related costs associated and accrued with these compensated absences amounted to \$459,141 as of June 30, 2012. For governmental funds, \$795,234 as of June 30, 2012, is considered payable with current sources and is included in accrued liabilities. The remaining amounts are estimated to be used in subsequent fiscal years and are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide financial statement presentations.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

11. RETIREMENT PLANS

County Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The County Commissioners of Washington County Employees Retirement Plan (the Plan) is a single-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the County Commissioners effective July 1, 1972, and adopted by ordinance. The County Commissioners have the power and authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of the Plan. The Plan provides retirement benefits to Plan members. Effective January 1, 1986, members are qualified to participate in the Plan if they are compensated on the basis of working at least 40 hours per week and 12 months in a calendar year. Participation classification is based on the employee's status as either "uniformed" or "non-uniformed". A uniformed employee may retire at the earlier of age 50 or 25 years of service. A nonuniformed employee may retire at the earlier of age 60 or 30 years of eligibility service. Vesting begins after 5 years of service. Retirement benefits for uniformed employees are calculated by a formula and provide approximately 50% of average pay after 25 years. Non-uniformed employees retirement benefits provide approximately 60% of average pay after 30 years of service. Uniformed employees may take early retirement with reduced benefits at 20 years of service and non-uniformed may take early retirement at 25 years of service. Cost-of-living adjustments are provided at the discretion of the County Commissioners. Annual reporting for the Plan is presented only in the County's fiduciary funds financial statements.

Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the County is established and may be amended by the County Commissioners. Plan members are required to contribute 5.5% of their annual covered salary, except for uniformed sworn officers of the Sheriff's Department, who contribute 6%.

All information that follows for the Plan is as of July 1, 2011, which is the latest actuarial report available.

Membership of the Plan

The membership consisted of the following as of July 1, 2011, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

11. **RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

County Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	226
Terminated Plan members entitled to but not	
yet receiving benefits	42
Active Plan members	741
	1,009
·	

Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligation

The County's annual pension cost and net pension obligation for the year ended June 30, 2011, were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 4,934,803
Interest on net pension obligation	202,456
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(300,555)
Annual pension cost	4,836,704
Contributions	4,379,473
Increase in net pension obligation	457,231
Net pension obligation, beginning of year	2,612,331
Net pension obligation, end of year	\$ 3,069,562

The annual required contribution for the current year was determined as part of the July 1, 2011, actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit cost method. The actuarial assumptions included (a) 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), and (b) projected salary increases of 2.0% through 2012 and 4.0% per year thereafter. The assumptions did not include postretirement benefit increases. The actuarial value of assets was determined by the market value of investments. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized at a level dollar over 25 years. The effect of an unfunded actuarial accrued liability (funding excess) is amortized immediately.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

11. **RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

Trend Information

Fiscal	Annual	Percentage	Net Pension
Year	Pension	of APC	Obligation
Ending	Cost (APC)	Contributed	(Excess)
6/30/2011	\$ 4,836,704	90.55%	\$ 3,069,562
6/30/2010	4,255,363	57.84%	2,612,331
6/30/2009	3,827,494	93.09%	818,204
6/30/2008	3,119,308	100.00%	553,586

Board of Education

The employees of the School System are covered by one of the following pension plans affiliated with the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, and agent multiple-employer public employee retirement systems administered by the Maryland State Retirement Agency:

- The Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Maryland,
- The Employees' Retirement System of the State of Maryland,
- The Pension System for Teachers of the State of Maryland, or
- The Pension System for Employees of the State of Maryland

During the 1979 legislative session, the Maryland General Assembly created, effective January 1, 1980, the "Pension System for Teachers of the State of Maryland" and the "Pension System for Employees of the State of Maryland." Prior to this date, all teachers and related positions were required to be members of the "Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Maryland" and classified positions were members of the "Employees' Retirement System of the State of Maryland." All school system employees who were members of the "Retirement System" may remain in that System or may elect to join the "Pension System." All teachers hired within the State after December 31, 1979, must join the "Pension System for Teachers." All classified employees hired within the State after December 31, 1999, must join the "Pension System for Employees." The "Teachers' Retirement System" and the "Pension System for Employees" cover those employees not covered by the teachers' plans. These employees are principally custodial, maintenance and food service employees.

These pension plans provide pension benefits and death and disability benefits. A member may retire after 25 years of service from the Retirement System and as early as age 55 and 15 years of service for the Pension System. Benefits generally vest after 5 years of service. The State Retirement Agency issues a comprehensive annual financial report for the State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland. That report may be obtained by writing to State Retirement and Pension System of Maryland, 120 East Baltimore Street, Baltimore, Maryland 21202, or by calling 1-800-492-5909, or by e-mail at sra@sra.state.md.us.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

11. **RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

Board of Education (continued)

Both the "Retirement System" and the "Pension System" for teachers and educational support employees are jointly contributory. Under the "Retirement System", employees contribute 4% - 7% of their total gross salary, and under the "Pension System", employees contribute 5% their gross salary for the year ended June 30, 2011, respectively. Effective, July 1, 1980, in accordance with the law governing the Systems, all benefits of the Systems are funded in advance. Annually appropriated employer contribution rates for retirement benefits are determined using the entry age normal cost method. The method produces an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), and (2) the amount for amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability.

Washington County School System contributions totaling \$1,999,671 and \$1,978,382 or 10.94% and 10.83% of covered payroll for fiscal years 2012 and 2011, respectively; and contributions by the State of Maryland on behalf of the School System totaling \$19,374,937 and \$18,559,074 or 15.45% and 14.34% of covered payroll for fiscal years 2012 and 2011, were made in accordance with actuarially determined contribution requirements based on an actuarial valuation performed annually.

Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 7.75% per year compounded annually, (b) projected salary increases of 3.5% per year compounded annually, attributable to inflation, (c) postretirement benefit increases ranging from 2.75% to 3.5% per year depending on the system.

The actuarial value of assets was determined by recognizing investment gains and losses over a five-year period. Each year's investment gain or loss is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. The final actuarial value is limited to not more than 120% nor less than 80% of the market value of assets. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll, in two distinct pieces. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability, which existed as of the June 30, 2000 actuarial valuation, is being amortized over the remaining 10-year period to June 30, 2020. Each new layer of unfunded actuarial accrued liability arising subsequent to June 30, 2000, is being amortized over a twenty-five year period.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

11. **RETIREMENT PLANS** (continued)

Board of Education (continued)

A five year trend of the School System's annual pension cost is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 ension Cost (APC)	b	Contributed by School System	APC	C Contributed by State	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2012	\$ 21,374,608	\$	1,999,671	\$	19,374,937	100%	-
2011	20,537,456		1,978,382		18,559,074	100%	-
2010	17,946,215		1,365,507		16,580,780	100%	-
2009	14,644,559		1,203,511		13,441,048	100%	-
2008	13,777,983		1,268,670		12,509,313	100%	-

The contributions made by the State of Maryland on behalf of the School System were recognized as both revenue and expenditures in the General Fund as required by GASB No. 24.

12. RISK MANAGEMENT

County

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of deductible amounts for all risks of loss, except for employee health and workers' compensation. Settlements have not exceeded insurance coverages during the past three fiscal years.

The County Commissioners have established a self-insurance plan for health benefits to its employees, retirees and to other governmental and non-profit agencies. Budgeted amounts are charged to each fund, and premiums are charged to retirees and other governmental and non-profit agencies for their share of the costs, which are intended to cover the estimated costs of claims and administrative expenses. Contributions from employees, retirees and other governmental non-profit agencies are offset against budget amounts charged in the related fund. Under this plan, the County's General Fund bears all risk of loss.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

12. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

County (continued)

The County has established claims liabilities based on estimates of the ultimate cost of settling the claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. The length of time for which such costs must be estimated varies depending on the coverage involved. Because actual claims costs depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in doctrines of legal liability, and damage awards, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims liabilities are recomputed periodically using a variety of actuarial and statistical techniques to produce current estimates that reflect recent settlements, claim frequency, and other economic and social factors. A provision for inflation in the calculation of estimated future claim costs is implicit in the calculation because reliance is placed both on actual historical data that reflect past inflation and on other factors that are considered to be appropriate modifiers of past experience. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

The liability for estimated claims was determined to be \$988,731 which is reflected in the accompanying financial statements as of June 30, 2012. Changes in the claims liability were as follows:

Years Ended June 30,			
	2012		2011
\$	725,601	\$	989,018
	11,777,559		9,991,595
(11,514,429)		(10,255,012)
\$	988,731	\$	725,601
		2012 \$ 725,601 11,777,559 (11,514,429)	2012 \$ 725,601 \$ 11,777,559 (11,514,429)

The County uses a third party administrator to process and pay claims. The County has purchased a stop-loss insurance policy in which the insurance company covers individual claims once they exceed \$175,000. Under this policy, the County was liable for the first 125% of expected claims paid in the current fiscal year. Any claims in excess of this amount are to be paid by the insurance company under the stop-loss policy.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

12. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

County (continued)

The County Commissioners have also established a self-insurance plan for Workers' Compensation claims whereby the County is liable for the first \$500,000 per occurrence. As required by the State of Maryland, \$175,000 in U.S. Treasury Notes is held by the State Workers' Compensation Commission and is included in investments on the balance sheet. The County extends coverage under this plan to the employees of other governmental and nonprofit agencies. These agencies are charged a "premium", however the County bears the risk of loss. The liability for estimated claims was determined to be \$1,231,494, which is reflected in the accompanying financial statements as of June 30, 2012. Changes in the claims liability were as follows:

	Years Ended June 30,			
		2012		2011
Liability, beginning of year	\$	1,235,540	\$	754,966
Premiums collected and changes in estimates during the				
year		814,185		1,375,540
Claims and administrative costs paid		(818,231)		(894,966)
Liability, end of year	\$	1,231,494	\$	1,235,540

Board of Education

The School System is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; personal injury; and natural disaster. The School System is one of seventeen Boards of Education within the State of Maryland belonging to the Maryland Association of Boards of Education Group Insurance Pool (the Pool), a public entity risk pool organized as a trust. The School System pays an annual premium to the Pool for its property, liability, and automobile coverage. Such premiums are actuarially calculated for the Pool as a whole based on loss data and are allocated to members based on student enrollment and number and type of vehicles as well as experience modification factors. The Pool is reinsured on a claims-made basis for legal liability covering claims aggregating \$3 million per district per year.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

12. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Board of Education (continued)

Additionally, the School System is one of sixteen Boards of Education within the State of Maryland belonging to the Maryland Association of Boards of Education Workers' Compensation Group Self-Insurance Fund (the Fund). This Fund was established to provide worker's compensation indemnity and medical benefits coverage for participating school boards. The Fund is operated under regulations promulgated by the State's Workers' Compensation Commission (COMAR 14.09.02). Each Fund participant pays an annual premium calculated on its payroll according to the standard classifications, with an experience modification applied. Although premiums billed to the Fund members are determined on an actuarial basis, ultimate liability for claims remains with the respective members and accordingly, the insurance risks are not transferred to the Fund. Six months following the end of the Fund's fiscal year, the Fund's trustees declare unneeded funds as surplus and distribute 50% of the declared surplus as dividends to the Fund members. This dividend distribution is made no sooner than one year after the close of that fiscal year. Members dedicate the remaining 50% of the surplus each year to a surplus fund until it reaches 100% net annual premium. The Fund carries an excess insurance policy providing specific excess and employer liability protection coverage, thus reducing the potential of assessment against Fund members. The Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$250,000 for each worker's compensation claim.

Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded the planned coverage during any of the past three years.

The School System also offers a program of self-insured health, dental, and vision benefits to its employees and retirees. Charges are made to other Funds, employees and retirees for their respective share of the costs in amounts planned to match the estimated claims, the cost of insurance premiums for coverage in excess of self-insured amounts and the administrative costs in providing the program. Such costs are also offset by interest income earned from investing receipts until they are paid out in the form of claims or expenses. Administrative costs directly related to the program are borne by the Self-Insurance Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

12. RISK MANAGEMENT (continued)

Board of Education (continued)

In accordance with the Governmental Accounting Standards Board's Statement No. 10 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues," charges to other funds must be accounted for as revenue by an internal service fund and expenditures/expenses by the other funds. The amounts of these charges were \$29,864,325 and \$26,953,572 for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The Self-Insurance Fund's accrued liabilities include an estimate of the amount to be paid for self-insured claims incurred prior to June 30, 2012 and 2011. This estimate is prepared based upon the School System's experience and other relevant facts. Changes in the Fund's claims liability amount were as follows:

	Years Ended June 30,				
		2012		2011	
Liability, beginning of year	\$	1,968,033	\$	2,043,031	
Claims and changes in estimates during the year		32,782,786		31,250,926	
Claims paid and accrued		(32,575,817)		(31,325,924)	
Liability, end of year	\$	2,175,002	\$	1,968,033	

13. DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

The County offers its employees a deferred compensation plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 457 and administered by a third party. The plan, available to all County employees, permits them to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. The deferred compensation plan assets are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of the plan participants. Therefore, the plan assets are not presented in the financial statements.

14. SEGMENT INFORMATION

The County has entered into loan agreements with the Maryland Water Quality Financing Administration. The loans are backed by the full faith and credit and taxing power of the County, however the source of payment of the principal and interest of the loans is the sewer user charges and pretreatment facility user charges. The user charges are accounted for in the Water Quality Fund. Summarized financial information for the Sewer and Pretreatment operations is presented below. The Water Quality Department operates the County's sewage treatment plants, sewage pumping stations, and collection systems and leases the pretreatment facility to a private company.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

14. **SEGMENT INFORMATION** (continued)

	Sewer Department		Pretreatment Department		
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS		o par criterio		- Pur tirrerr	
ASSETS					
Current assets	\$	25,945,535	\$	3,516,446	
Noncurrent assets		102,883,453		5,918,217	
Total Assets		128,828,988		9,434,663	
LIABILITIES					
Other current liabilities		7,422,450		1,898,931	
Noncurrent liabilities		18,862,649		4,627,222	
Total Liabilities		26,285,099		6,526,153	
Net assets					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		93,649,141		301,030	
Unrestricted		(1,977,763)		2,607,480	
Restricted-capital projects		10,872,511		-	
Total Net Assets	\$	102,543,889	\$	2,908,510	
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS					
Operating revenue	\$	8,173,389	\$	_	
Lease income		-		345,600	
Depreciation expense		(2,112,644)		(187,664)	
Other operating expenses		(6,852,704)		(24,040)	
Operating income		(791,959)		133,896	
Non-operating revenue (expenses):					
Interest income		114,055		-	
Interest expense		(767,333)		(232,045)	
Utility administration charge		-		-	
Operating transfers		2,770,000		1,400,000	
Capital contributions		279,455		-	
Change in net assets		1,604,218		1,301,851	
Net assets, beginning of year		100,939,671		1,606,659	
Net Assets, End of Year		102,543,889	\$	2,908,510	
CONDENSED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS					
Net cash provided (used) by					
Operating activities	\$	122,428	\$	321,560	
Noncapital financing activities		2,770,000		1,400,000	
Capital and related financing activities		3,216,650		(669,722)	
Investing activities		(273,364)		_	
Net increase		5,835,714		1,051,838	
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year				2,436,308	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	\$	5,835,714	\$	3,488,146	

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

15. CLOSURE AND POST-CLOSURE CARE COST

State and Federal laws and regulations require the County to place a final cover on its landfills when they stop accepting waste. The County is also required to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the site for up to thirty years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will be paid only near the date or after the date that the landfill stops accepting waste, the County reports a portion of these closure and post-closure care costs as a liability based on landfill capacity used as of each balance sheet date.

The Hancock Landfill was closed in 1993. The remaining estimated costs associated with the closure and post-closure care costs of \$190,343 are reported as a liability in the Solid Waste Fund. No current expense was recognized in the Solid Waste Fund for the year ended June 30, 2012.

The Resh Landfill has reported a landfill post-closure care liability of \$5,797,371 in the Solid Waste Fund. The total capacity has been used. The Resh Landfill was closed in December 2000. No current expense was recognized in the Solid Waste Fund for the year ended June 30, 2012.

The Rubble Landfill began operating during August 1995. The estimated cost associated with post-closure care of \$2,202,400 is reported as a liability in the Solid Waste Fund at June 30, 2012. The Rubble Landfill was closed in December 2000. No current expense was recognized in the Solid Waste Fund for the year ended June 30, 2012.

The 40 West Landfill began operation in fiscal year 2001. The estimated life of this landfill is approximately 120 years as of June 30, 2012, it is estimated that approximately 14.6% of the capacity has been used. The estimated costs associated with closure and post-closure care of \$6,873,488 was reported as a liability in the Solid Waste Fund at June 30, 2012. The County will recognize \$47,055,727 of estimated cost associated with the closure and post-closure care as capacity is filled. During the fiscal year 2012 engineering re-designed the cells at 40 West Landfill. This change in estimate increased the airspace by 4 million cubic yards along with the life of the landfill by 62 years. This change in accounting estimate has no effect on the total estimated cost but will extend the landfill life from 58 years to 120 years.

The above estimates are based on estimated current costs to perform all closure and post-closure care. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, deflation, changes in technology, or changes in applicable laws or regulations. The County is required by state and federal laws and regulations to meet certain closure and post-closure financial assurance requirements. The County has satisfied these requirements by demonstrating in information submitted by the Director of Finance that they meet the Local Government Financial Test as of June 30, 2012, as specified in 40CFR258.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

16. OTHER POSTRETIREMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (OPEB)

County

<u>Plan Description:</u> The County offers postretirement health care benefits to employees who retire from the County under normal or early retirement provisions of the pension plan. The health care benefits are provided until the retiree is eligible for Medicare. Retirees who exercise the one-time option for the health care benefits pay one-half of the estimated cost of the benefits. The County pays the remaining cost as part of its self-insurance program. Currently, forty-three retirees are receiving benefits and sixty-four employees are retirement eligible. Expenditures for postretirement health care benefits are recognized as retirees report claims and include a provision for estimated claims incurred but not yet reported.

The County offered a special termination benefit to employees that retired between July 1, 1995 and September 30, 1995. Those employees are receiving health care benefits (managed care program) from the date of retirement until they are eligible for Medicare. Two former employees are receiving this benefit.

The County offered a special termination benefit to employees that retired between July 1, 1996 and September 30, 1996. Those employees are receiving health care benefits (managed care program) from the date of retirement until they are eligible for Medicare. Two former employees are receiving this benefit.

<u>Funding Policy:</u> The County intends to fund any annual short-fall between OPEB annual required contribution and actual pay-go expense into a legally executed trust fund. The trust fund will be invested as a long-term pension trust, using an appropriately balanced portfolio of equities and debt instruments, to prudently maximize long-term investment returns.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The County's annual other postretirement benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. The following table shows the components of the County's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the County's net OPEB Obligation.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

16. OTHER POSTRETIREMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

County (continued)

Components of Net OPEB Obligation

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 1,303,670
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	(17,506)
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	13,751
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	1,299,915
Contributions Made or Accrued	1,889,809
Increase in Net Obligation	(589,894)
Net OPEB Asset (BOY)	(225,885)
Net OPEB Asset (EOY)	\$ (815,779)

The County's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the last four years as of June 30, is as follows:

			Percentage of					
Fiscal Year	Ar	nual OPEB	Annual OPEB	Net OPEB				
Ended June 30,		Cost	Cost Contributed		Obligation			
2012	\$	1,299,915	145.38%	\$	(815,779)			
2011		1,565,760	112.22%		(225,885)			
2010		1,570,147	111.90%		(34,498)			
2009		1,614,260	99.00%		152,502			

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

16. OTHER POSTRETIREMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

County (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and includes the type of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing the benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2012, actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 7.75% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan assets at the valuation date, and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 12% initially, reduced by decrements to an ultimate rate of 5% after three years. The actuarial value of assets was determined using a standard balanced portfolio expectation for retirement plan asset returns. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) is being amortized as a level dollar charge on an open basis. The remaining amortization period as of July 1, 2012, was 26 years.

Board of Education

In addition to providing the pension benefits described above, the School System provides postemployment health care and life insurance benefits (OPEB) for retired employees, their spouses and dependents, and surviving spouses and dependents. On April 15, 2008, the Board created the Board of Education of Washington County (the Trust) in order to arrange for the establishment of a reserve to pay health and welfare benefits for future retirees. The Trust is affiliated with the Maryland Association of Boards of Education Pooled OPEB Investment Trust, an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system established by the Maryland Association of Boards of Education (MABE). The Board reserves the right to establish and amend the provisions of the Trust with respect to participants, any benefit provided thereunder, or its participation therein, in whole or in part at any time, by resolution of its governing body and upon advance written notice to the Trustees.

A member may retire after 25 years of service from the Retirement System, and as early as age 55 and 15 years of service from the Pension System. Retirees can continue the same medical coverage they had (including family coverage) as active employees. Retirees receive a subsidy for their postretirement medical insurance based on points (Age + Service). A minimum of 66 points (with 5 years of service) is required to receive a subsidy.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

16. OTHER POSTRETIREMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Board of Education (continued)

The maximum subsidy of 85% is reached at 85 points (note that this is a blended subsidy percentage based on the subsidy for each plan and the current enrollment distribution). Retirees with less than 66 points are allowed access, but must pay 100% of the published rates.

Funding Policy

The School System is required to contribute the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The current ARC rate is 8.06% of annual covered payroll.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The School System had an actuarial valuation performed for the plan as of June 30, 2012, to determine the funded status of the plan as of that date as well as the employer's annual required contribution (ARC). The annual OPEB cost (expense) including current claims of \$11,945,276 was \$149,978 higher than the ARC for the fiscal year, due to adjustments related to amortization and interest on the net OPEB obligation. The School System's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2012 are as follows:

				Percentage of					
Fiscal Year		\mathbf{A}	nnual OPEB	Annual OPEB	I	Net OPEB			
	Ended June 30,		Cost	Cost Contributed		Obligation			
	2012	\$	11,945,276	118.00%	\$	(7,222,174)			
	2011		10,505,013	123.47%		(5,069,600)			
	2010		10,505,013	124.63%		(2,603,769)			

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

16. OTHER POSTRETIREMENT EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (continued)

Board of Education (continued)

Funded Status and Funding Progress

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The funded status of the plan as of June 30, 2012, was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$ 155,894,618
Actuarial value of plan assets	23,034,693
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$ 132,859,925
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	14.78%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$ 146,300,000
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	90.81%

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the June 30, 2012, actuarial valuation, the entry age actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included an 8.0% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses) and an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 9.5% initially, reduced by 1.0% per year to arrive at an ultimate healthcare cost trend rate of 5.0%. Both rates include a 4.0% inflation assumption. The Plan's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on a closed basis. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2012, was twenty-six years.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

17. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

County

In the normal course of operations, the County receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. The grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to the granting of funds. Any liability for reimbursement which may arise as the result of these audits is not believed to be material.

The County Commissioners and the Sheriff of Washington County are defendants in various legal proceedings as of June 30, 2012. There are also certain unasserted claims that could possibly be asserted. The Commissioners intend to defend all litigations against them. In the Commissioners' opinion, the liability, if any, in or arising from these litigations or any other legal proceedings in which the County is involved, will not have a material adverse effect on its financial condition.

The County is committed under various contracts for the construction or acquisition of fixed assets. These projects are generally budgeted in the Capital Projects Fund, and funding has been provided for their completion.

Board of Education

In the normal course of operations, the School System is subject to lawsuits and claims. In the opinion of management, the disposition of such lawsuits and claims will not have a material effect on the School System's financial position or results of operations.

As of June 30, 2012, the School System had entered into various school construction commitments, which are not reflected in the financial statements since they will be funded by the State of Maryland or County sources, totaling approximately \$2,707,959.

In August 2009, the School System agreed to a three year contract for access to an uninterrupted web-based data management system for \$420,000 with Performance Matters, LLC. This agreement is to facilitate access of Washington County's Public School System employees and parents to Washington County Public School System Scorecard. After the expiration of the initial term, this agreement shall automatically renew on the terms and conditions contained therein for up to three additional one year periods upon the anniversary of the initial term.

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

17. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS (continued)

Board of Education (continued)

The School System participates in a number of state and federally assisted grant programs, which are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantors or their representatives. Such federal programs were audited in accordance with the Federal Office of Management and Budget's Circular No. A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations* for the current year. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the School System expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

18. COMMITTED AND ASSIGNED FUND BALANCES

Fund balances reflected in the governmental funds balance sheet as of June 30, 2012 are categorized as follows:

		Capital	Non-major Governmental	
	General Fu	nd Projects Fund	Funds	Total
Non-Spendable				
Inventory	\$ 24,7	- 13 \$	\$ -	\$ 24,713
Restricted				
Programs and activities	149,8	-	1,424,570	1,574,409
Workers compensation	180,0	- 00	-	180,000
Highways and streets	850,9	- 07	-	850,907
Capital projects		18,184,914	-	18,184,914
Committed				
Contingencies	36,268,8	- 29	-	36,268,829
Programs and activities	26,1	05 -	199,777	225,882
Capital projects		53,810,872	-	53,810,872
Assigned				
Programs and activities	23,4	91 -	73,498	96,989
One-time costs	1,109,0	- 001	-	1,109,001
Unassigned		<u>-</u>	(18,145)	(18,145)
Totals	\$ 38,632,8	\$ 71,995,786	\$ 1,679,700	\$ 112,308,371

Notes to the Financial Statements June 30, 2012

19. RETIREMENT PLAN - FIRE AND RESCUE VOLUNTEERS

On September 26, 2000, the Board of County Commissioners approved the Volunteer Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP), a defined benefit plan for eligible volunteers of Washington County fire, rescue, emergency medical services or support organizations. LOSAP, which will be funded entirely by the County General Fund, provides benefit payments to volunteers who have completed certain eligibility and years of service requirements. An active volunteer who has attained age 62 and has been credited with a minimum of 25 years of active LOSAP Service is eligible to receive, until his or her death, a monthly benefit payment of \$200, or may elect an actuarially reduced benefit in the form of a joint survivor annuity.

An active volunteer, who has completed more than 25 years of Active LOSAP Service Credit, is eligible to receive, until his or her date of death, an additional monthly benefit payment of \$15 for each year of active LOSAP service credit in excess of 25 years, not to exceed a total monthly benefit payment of \$350. No LOSAP benefits were paid before January 1, 2007. Generally, a volunteer must be an active volunteer on or after January 1, 2007, to be eligible for any benefit under LOSAP. LOSAP also provides for death and disability benefits.

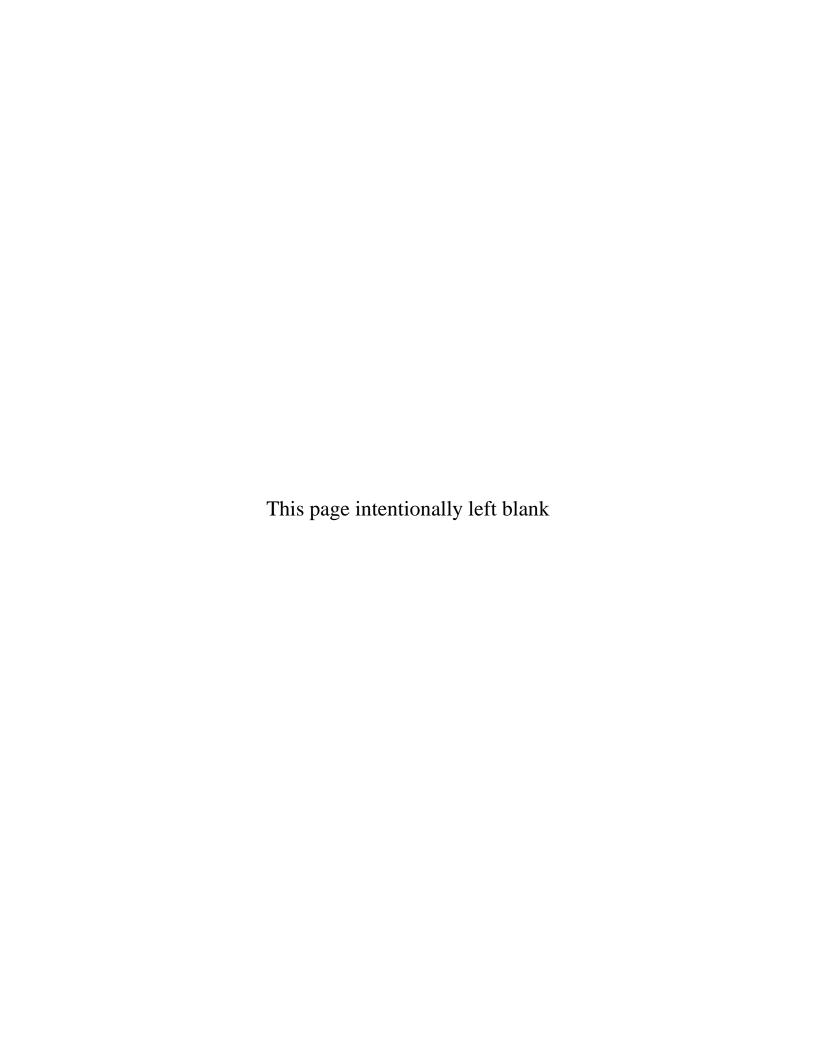
The 2011 calendar year census shows 811 volunteers receiving at least 50 points, which qualifies them for LOSAP credit. 137 retired volunteers and 4 spouses are participating in LOSAP. The County funds LOSAP in annual amounts determined by an actuary.

As of July 1, 2011, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, the LOSAP Unfunded Accrued Liability (UAL) is as follows:

Accrued Liability	\$ 8,295,635
Less: assets at market value	5,708,987
Unfunded Accrued Liability	\$ 2,586,648

The minimum recommended contribution for the year beginning July 1, 2012, is as follows:

Normal costs	\$ 359,106
Amortization of UAL (over 15 years)	212,770
Interest on UAL	 27,831
Recommended contribution	\$ 599,707





Schedule of Funding Progress June 30, 2012

Pension Trust

		Actuarial				
		Accrued				UAAL as a
Actuarial	Actuarial	Liability	Unfunde d			Percentage of
Valuation	Value of	(AAL) - Entry	AAL (UAAL)	Funded Ratio	Covered	Covered
Date	Assets (a)	Age (b)	(b-a)	(a/b)	Payroll (c)	Payroll [(b-a)/c]
7/1/2007	\$ 49,875,724	\$ 60,333,283	\$ 10,457,559	82.67%	\$ 29,299,129	35.69%
7/1/2008	51,808,616	67,907,912	16,099,296	76.29%	31,652,038	50.86%
7/1/2009	49,838,084	71,136,183	21,298,099	70.06%	33,576,069	63.43%
7/1/2010	52,986,292	77,023,047	24,036,755	68.79%	35,422,916	67.86%
7/1/2011	59,987,348	84,165,680	24,178,332	71.27%	34,479,726	70.12%

Length of Service Award Program (LOSAP) Trust

Actuarial Actuarial Valuation Value of Date Assets (a)		(A	Actuarial Accrued Liability AL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded L (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]		
7/1/2007	\$	4,401,471	\$	5,581,427	\$ 1,179,956	78.86%	N/A	N/A	
7/1/2008		4,242,850		6,510,528	2,267,678	65.17%	N/A	N/A	
7/1/2009		3,944,546		7,111,240	3,166,694	55.47%	N/A	N/A	
7/1/2010		4,572,193		7,710,562	3,138,369	59.30%	N/A	N/A	
7/1/2011		5,708,987		8,295,635	2,586,648	68.82%	N/A	N/A	

Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Trust

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll [(b-a)/c]	
7/1/2007	\$ -	\$ 14,950,000	\$ 14,950,000	0.00%	\$ 29,299,129	51.03%	
7/1/2008	1,211,350	16,549,200	15,337,850	7.32%	31,652,038	48.46%	
7/1/2009	1,501,721	18,333,616	16,831,895	8.19%	33,576,069	50.13%	
7/1/2012	9,122,297	18,526,736	9,404,439	49.24%	34,479,726	27.28%	

Combining Statements of Financial Schedules June 30, 2012

Non-Major Governmental Funds

The Community Partnership Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for all activities conducted by this department of the County. The Community Partnership's core function is to coordinate services and identify needs of the children, youth and families of Washington County.

The Inmate Welfare Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for commissary activities at the Washington County Detention Center and other inmate related revenue and expenses.

The Contraband Fund is a special revenue fund used for the deposit and temporary holding of seized U.S. Currency related to Narcotics Investigations. These monies are held in escrow pending civil or criminal court proceedings or abandonment. Released funds are used for law enforcement related expenses within Washington County at the discretion of the Board of Directors for the Washington County Narcotics Task Force.

The Agricultural Education Center Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for all transactions of the Agricultural Education Center (Center). The purpose of this Center is to promote agricultural pursuits in Washington County and to educate the general public and members of the agricultural community in all areas regarding agriculture in the County.

The Foreign Trade Zone Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for all transactions of the Foreign Trade Zone Commission. The Foreign Trade Zone Commission was established to allow a reduction or elimination of import taxes for County businesses within the 1,866 acres of the zone.

The Hotel Rental Tax Fund is a special revenue fund for accounting of taxes collected on transient charges paid to a hotel or motel located in the County, and for the distribution of the tax revenue to the Hagerstown/Washington County Convention and Visitors Bureau, municipalities and for special projects for the County.

The Gaming Fund is a special revenue fund for accounting of permits and licensing fees, for tip jar and bingo gaming activity. The Gaming Fund distributes funds to the various fire and rescue companies and charitable organizations in the County.

The Land Preservation Fund is a special revenue fund established to account for State and County programs related to preserving agriculture land in the County. A portion of the County's transfer tax is used to purchase permanent easements through an installment purchase program and a portion of the transfer tax is remitted to the State for the purchase of easements and transferable development rights.

The Hagerstown/Eastern Panhandle Metropolitan Planning Organization (HEPMPO) Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for transportation planning activities. The objective of the organization is to ensure that a continuing, cooperative, and comprehensive approach for short and long range transportation planning is established and maintained for the metropolitan area.

Combining Statements of Financial Schedules June 30, 2012

Non-Major Proprietary Funds

The Public Transit Fund accounts for the activities of the public bus transportation system.

The Golf Course Fund accounts for activities at the Black Rock Golf Course including an 18 hole golf course, a full service pro shop, and a public restaurant.

Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2012

	Local Management Board		Inmate Welfare Contraband		Agricultural Education Center		Hotel Rental Tax	Gaming		Land Preservation		НЕРМРО		Total Non-major Funds		
ASSETS																
Cash	\$	261,765	\$	135,965	\$ 417,098	\$	78,463	\$ 747,291	\$	1,445,467	\$	451,054	\$	-	\$	3,537,103
Accounts receivable		-		-	-		-	209,514		67,963		-		-		277,477
Due from other governmental agencies		62,711		-	-		-	-		-		122,374		62,407		247,492
Notes receivable				-	 -			140,000		_		-				140,000
TOTAL ASSEIS	\$	324,476	\$	135,965	\$ 417,098	\$	78,463	\$1,096,805	\$	1,513,430	\$	573,428	\$	62,407	\$	4,202,072
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES																
LIABILITIES																
Accounts payable	\$	158,419	\$	39,517	\$ 39,465	\$	9,818	\$ 270,702	\$	1,467,372	\$	118,224	\$	15,369	\$	2,118,886
Accrued expenses		1,898		902	-		872	-		2,583		2,534		612		9,401
Due to other funds		-		-	-		-	-		-		-		64,571		64,571
Other liabilities		-		-	95,512		-	-		-		196,252		-		291,764
Deferred revenue				_	 _					37,750						37,750
TOTAL LIABILITIES		160,317		40,419	134,977		10,690	270,702		1,507,705		317,010		80,552		2,522,372
FUND BALANCES																
Restricted		164,159		95,546	282,121		_	826,103		_		56,641		_		1,424,570
Committed		· -		-	· -		_	-		_		199,777		_		199,777
Assigned		-		-	-		67,773	-		5,725		-		-		73,498
Unassigned		-		_	_		_	-		_		_		(18,145)		(18,145)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		164,159		95,546	282,121		67,773	826,103		5,725		256,418		(18,145)		1,679,700
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND																
FUND BALANCES	\$	324,476	\$	135,965	\$ 417,098	\$	78,463	\$1,096,805	\$	1,513,430	\$	573,428	\$	62,407	\$	4,202,072

Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Local Management Board	Inmate Welfare	Contraband	Agricultural Education Center	Hotel Rental Tax	Gaming	Land Preservation	НЕРМРО	Total Non- major Funds
REVENUE				 -	 -				
Other local taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,817,881	\$ -	\$ 443,040	\$ -	\$ 2,260,921
Licenses and permits	-	-	-	-	-	2,038,846	-	-	2,038,846
Charges for services	-	401,829	-	-	-	-	-	-	401,829
Revenue from uses of property	-	-	-	26,511	-	-	-	-	26,511
Reimbursed expenses	-	-	-	1,878	-	-	-	-	1,878
Miscellaneous revenues	-	115,096	328,761	7,976	-	-	-	21,027	472,860
Shared taxes and grants	968,935	-	-	-	-	-	802,287	323,310	2,094,532
TOTAL REVENUE	968,935	516,925	328,761	36,365	1,817,881	2,038,846	1,245,327	344,337	7,297,377
EXPENDITURES									
Public safety	-	-	92,259	-	-	929,385	-	-	1,021,644
Parks, recreation and culture	-	-	-	188,723	-	-	-	-	188,723
Land preservation	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,448,702	-	1,448,702
General operations	-	867,592	-	-	-	172,420	-	377,993	1,418,005
Community promotion	1,449,791				1,554,776	929,385			3,933,952
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,449,791	867,592	92,259	188,723	1,554,776	2,031,190	1,448,702	377,993	8,011,026
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(480,856)	(350,667)	236,502	(152,358)	263,105	7,656	(203,375)	(33,656)	(713,649)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Transfers in	236,939			100,000			62,161	16,260	415,360
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	(243,917)	(350,667)	236,502	(52,358)	263,105	7,656	(141,214)	(17,396)	(298,289)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	408,076	446,213	45,619	120,131	562,998	(1,931)	397,632	(749)	1,977,989
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 164,159	\$ 95,546	\$ 282,121	\$ 67,773	\$ 826,103	\$ 5,725	\$ 256,418	\$ (18,145)	\$ 1,679,700

Combining Statement of Net Assets – Non-Major Proprietary Funds As of June $30,\,2012$

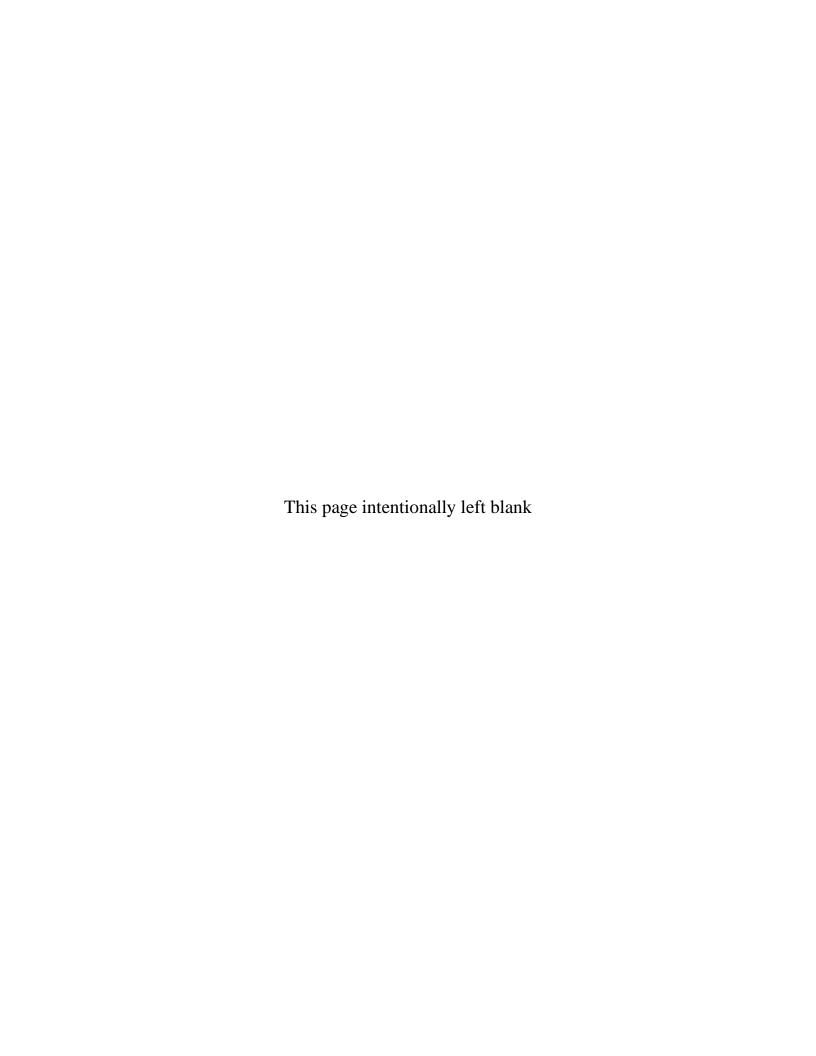
	Public Transit Fund	Golf Course Fund		N	Total Non-Major Funds	
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and short-term investments	\$ 200	\$	800	\$	1,000	
Accounts receivable	3,339		11,013		14,352	
Unbilled receivables	2,180		-		2,180	
Due from other governmental agencies	1,020,182		38,890		1,059,072	
Inventories	58,744		44,538		103,282	
Total current assets	 1,084,645		95,241		1,179,886	
Noncurrent Assets:						
Projects under construction	793		43,211		44,004	
Property plant and equipment	6,980,701		4,456,645		11,437,346	
Accumulated depreciation	 (2,507,799)		(2,305,908)		(4,813,707)	
Total noncurrent assets	 4,473,695		2,193,948		6,667,643	
TOTAL ASSETS	5,558,340		2,289,189		7,847,529	
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	48,081		31,285		79,366	
Accrued expenses	26,266		28,118		54,384	
Due to other funds	447,834		601,750		1,049,584	
Compensated absences	48,753		28,067		76,820	
Deferred revenue	-		1,250		1,250	
Other liabilities	 		15,386		15,386	
Total current liabilities	570,934		705,856		1,276,790	
Non Current Liabilities:						
Compensated absences	22,930		24,285		47,215	
TOTAL LIABILTIES	 593,864		730,141		1,324,005	
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,473,695		2,193,948		6,667,643	
Unrestricted	490,781		(634,900)		(144,119)	
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 4,964,476	\$	1,559,048	\$	6,523,524	

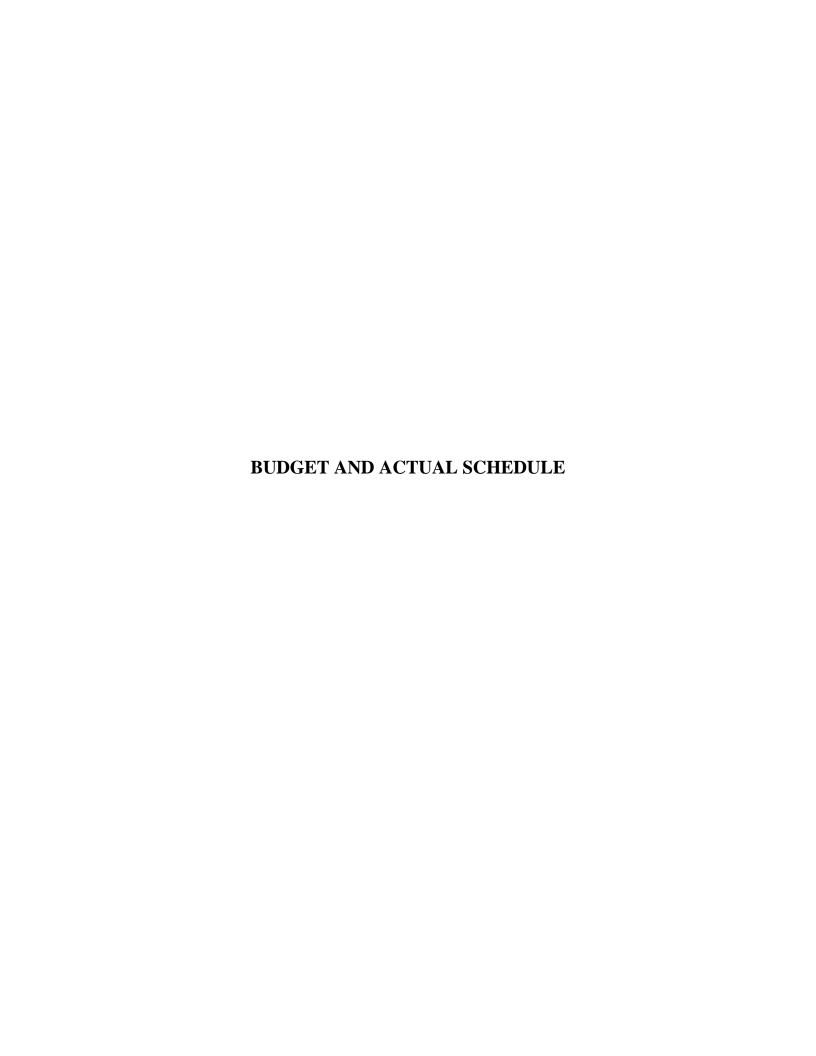
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets – Non-Major Proprietary Funds
For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Public Transit Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total Non-Major Funds
OPERATING REVENUE			
Charges for services	\$ 441,981	\$ 969,801	\$ 1,411,782
Miscellaneous	12,600	3,657	16,257
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUE	454,581	973,458	1,428,039
OPERATING EXPENSES			
Salaries and wages	1,111,347	493,425	1,604,772
Fringe benefits	352,533	183,319	535,852
Utilities	26,705	59,909	86,614
Insurance	41,846	8,599	50,445
Repairs and maintenance	176,332	69,663	245,995
Supplies	37,218	3,970	41,188
Cost of goods sold	-	112,912	112,912
Contracted services	186,672	3,240	189,912
Rentals and leases	47,764	60,155	107,919
Other operating	305,590	180,830	486,420
Uncollectible accounts	1,011	· -	1,011
Controllable assets	2,020	_	2,020
Depreciation	570,788	74,849	645,637
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	2,859,826	1,250,871	4,110,697
OPERATING LOSS	(2,405,245)	(277,413)	(2,682,658)
OTHER INCOME			
Interest income	99	_	99
Gain on disposal of assets	-	1,149	1,149
TOTAL OTHER INCOME	99	1,149	1,248
LOSS BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFERS AND GRANTS	(2,405,146)	(276,264)	(2,681,410)
OPERATING TRANSFERS	460,290	70,780	531,070
GRANTS FOR OPERATIONS	1,250,104		1,250,104
LOSS BEFORE CAPITAL TRANSFERS AND GRANTS	(694,752)	(205,484)	(900,236)
CAPITAL TRANSFERS	15,100	8,500	23,600
GRANTS FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS	300,545	38,890	339,435
NET LOSS	(379,107)	(158,094)	(537,201)
NET ASSEIS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	5,343,583	1,717,142	7,060,725
NET ASSEIS - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,964,476	\$ 1,559,048	\$ 6,523,524

Combining Statement of Cash Flows – Non-Major Proprietary Funds For Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Public Transit Fund	Golf Course Fund	Total Non-Major Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers	\$ 2,102,997	\$ 965,383	\$ 3,068,380
Payments to suppliers	(963,425)	(476,101)	(1,439,526)
Payments to employees	(1,472,172)	(680,101)	(2,152,273)
Net Cash from Operating Activities	(332,600)	(190,819)	(523,419)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities			
Operating contributions	1,710,394	70,780	1,781,174
Increase (decrease) in due to/from other funds	(1,421,279)	120,860	(1,300,419)
Net Cash from Noncapital Financing Activities	289,115	191,640	480,755
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities			
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(272,160)	(48,211)	(320,371)
Contribution for capital acquisitions	315,645	47,390	363,035
Net Cash from Capital and Related Financing Activities	43,485	(821)	42,664
Net change in cash	-	-	-
Cash, beginning of year	200	800	1,000
Cash, End of Year	\$ 200	\$ 800	\$ 1,000
Reconciliation of Operating Loss to Net Cash from Operatin	g Activities		
Operating loss	\$(2,405,245)	\$(277,413)	\$ (2,682,658)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash from operating activities:			
Depreciation	570,788	74,849	645,637
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Accounts receivable	3,226	(6,575)	(3,349)
Unbilled receivables	(1,135)	-	(1,135)
Due to/from other government entities	1,634,345	-	1,634,345
Inventories	8,378	6,998	15,376
Accounts payable and other liabilities	(134,665)	14,300	(120,365)
Accrued expenses	(6,796)	(3,087)	(9,883)
Deferred revenue	-	(1,500)	(1,500)
Compensated absences	(1,496)	1,609	113
Net Cash from Operating Activities	\$ (332,600)	\$ (190,819)	\$ (523,419)





Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Budgeted Amounts					Variance with Final Budget -		
D.		Original Final		Act	tual Amounts	Posi	tive (Negative)		
Revene									
Property Tax:	ф	111 570 210	ф	111 570 210	ф	111 071 001	Ф	201 711	
Real property tax	\$	111,560,210 13,580,270	\$	111,560,210	\$	111,861,921	\$	301,711	
Personal property tax		580,000		13,580,270 580,000		12,040,349		(1,539,921) (95,068)	
Property tax interest income Other property tax		*		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		484,932		` ' '	
State administrative fees		649,850		649,850		676,967		27,117	
		(600,000)		(600,000)		(901,679)		(301,679)	
Property tax discounts and credits Total Property Taxes		(1,506,590) 124,263,740		(1,506,590)		(1,492,678) 122,669,812		(1,593,928)	
Total Flopelty Taxes	-	124,205,740		124,203,740		122,009,812		(1,393,928)	
Other Local Taxes									
Income tax		59,800,000		59,800,000		64,578,939		4,778,939	
Income tax reserve		(420,000)		(420,000)		-		420,000	
Admissions and amusement tax		360,000		360,000		319,859		(40,141)	
Recordation tax		4,550,000		4,550,000		3,556,946		(993,054)	
Trailer tax		440,000		440,000		475,065		35,065	
Total Other Local Taxes		64,730,000		64,730,000		68,930,809		4,200,809	
Other Revenues:									
Licenses and permits		1,304,860		1,304,860		1,278,654		(26,206)	
Court costs and fines		244,400		244,400		323,625		79,225	
Charges for services		458,680		458,680		497,092		38,412	
Revenues from use of property		1,073,700		1,088,700		1,066,799		(21,901)	
Reimbursed expenses		992,050		1,000,135		1,136,308		136,173	
Miscellaneous revenues		1,472,130		1,507,090		566,480		(940,610)	
Grant and shared revenues		1,713,790		4,636,132		3,547,046		(1,089,086)	
Highway revenue		758,940		765,830		1,291,748		525,918	
Total Other Revenues		8,018,550		11,005,827		9,707,752		(1,298,075)	
Total Revenue		197,012,290		199,999,567		201,308,373		1,308,806	
Expenditures									
General Government									
Legislative:									
County Commissioners		196,030		196,030		194,718		1,312	
County Clerk		85,390		85,390		81,177		4,213	
County Administrator		240,200		240,200		228,813		11,387	
Public Information		147,270		232,920		226,855		6,065	
Purchasing		412,190		412,190		416,306		(4,116)	
Total Legislavtive	\$	1,081,080	\$	1,166,730	\$	1,147,869	\$	18,861	

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

		Budgete	d Amo				Fin	riance with al Budget -
T 11:11		Original		Final	Act	ual Amounts	Positi	we (Negative)
Judicial:	\$	1 205 690	¢	1 205 690	¢	1 246 250	¢.	40.420
Circuit Court	Э	1,295,680 29,500	\$	1,295,680 29,500	\$	1,246,250 29,939	\$	49,430
Orphan's Court		29,300		29,300 2,477,674		2,390,127		(439) 87,547
State's Attorney Sheriff - Judicial		2,499,220		1,960,960		1,913,661		67,347 47,299
Sheriff - Process Servers		115,230		115,230		117,957		(2,727)
Grants		113,230		222,129		247,627		(25,498)
Total Judical		6,000,820		6,101,173		5,945,561		155,612
Election Board		847,680		847,680		693,221		154,459
Financial Administration:								
Budget and Finance		1,203,400		1,203,400		1,156,318		47,082
Independent Auditing		70,000		70,000		66,100		3,900
Treasurer		429,360		429,360		420,121		9,239
Information Technologies		1,641,600		1,641,600		1,637,704		3,896
Total Financial Administration	-	3.344.360		3,344,360		3,280,243	-	64,117
Total Financial Administration		3,344,300		3,344,300		3,200,243		04,117
County Attorney		618,840		618,840		547,038		71,802
Human Resources		643,170		643,170		630,916		12,254
Planning and Zoning:								
Planning and Zoning		1,095,900		773,620		555,491		218,129
Board of Zoning Appeals		53,440		53,440		48,884		4,556
Total Planning And Zoning		1,149,340		827,060		604,375		222,685
Public Works:								
Department of Public Works		455,540		455,540		453,162		2,378
Plan Review and Permitting		1,218,460		1,505,255		1,448,953		56,302
Public Works - Engineering and Construction		2,484,650		2,527,400		2,470,000		57,400
Total Public Works		4,158,650		4,488,195		4,372,115		116,080
County Owned Buildings:								
Martin Luther King Center		94,200		94,200		93,508		692
Administrative Building		279,900		289,900		241,125		48,775
Administrative Building II		110,850		94,850		38,459		56,391
Court House		557,400		567,350		519,506		47,844
County Office Building		233,460		233,460		209,832		23,628
Adminstration Annex		61,400		61,400		57,933		3,467
Central Services		205,460		205,460		192,687		12,773
Rental Properties		2,000		2,000		327		1,673
Library Maintenance		35,500		47,500		42,095		5,405
Dwyer Center		34,000		34,000		26,211		7,789
Public Facilities Annex		65,000		80,000		86,836		(6,836)
Total County Owned Buildings		1,679,170		1,710,120		1,508,519		201,601
Community Promotion:								
Contributions to Non-profits		67,390		67,390		66,500		890
Economic Development Commission		827,410		759,790		756,480		3,310
Total Community Promotion		894,800		827,180		822,980		4,200
Total General Government	\$	20,417,910	\$	20,574,508	\$	19,552,837	\$	1,021,671

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund $\,$

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budget	ed Amounts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Public Safety				
Sheriff Departments:				
Patrol	\$ 7,853,520	\$ 7,859,560	\$ 7,697,649	\$ 161,911
Sheriff Auxillary Department	-	-	43,602	(43,602)
Narcotics Task Force	569,270	577,530	573,818	3,712
Grants	-	95,790	167,660	(71,870)
Total Sheriff Department	8,422,790	8,532,880	8,482,729	50,151
Fire and Rescue Services:				
Volunteer Fire and Rescue - County Grants	5,502,230	5,502,230	5,477,548	24,682
Air Unit	21,340	21,340	28,977	(7,637)
Special Operations	340,770	340,770	341,757	(987)
Total Fire and Rescue Services	5,864,340	5,864,340	5,848,282	16,058
Corrections:	11 400 500	11 502 250	11.226.004	266.456
Detention Center	11,409,500	11,503,350	11,236,894	266,456
Central Booking	730,110		735,127	(5,017)
Total Corrections	12,139,610	12,233,460	11,972,021	261,439
Other Public Safety: 911 - Communications	2 512 020	2 549 004	2 500 012	40.001
Wireless Communications	3,513,930	, ,	3,508,913 969,601	40,081
Emergency Management	955,230 115,230	955,230 115,230	103,119	(14,371) 12,111
Fire and Rescue Operations	958,950	958,950	967,401	(8,451)
Medical Examiner	15,000	15,000	10,880	4,120
Civil Air Patrol	3,600	3,600	3,600	4,120
Animal Control	1,153,590	1,153,590	1,153,715	(125)
CSafe	44,100	44,100	1,133,713	44,100
Children's Village	24,500	24,500	24,500	,100
Grants	21,300	1,496,053	726,716	769,337
Total Other Public Safety	6,784,130	8,315,247	7,468,445	846,802
Total Public Safety	33,210,870	34,945,927	33,771,477	1,174,450
Health				
Total Health	2,339,270	2,339,270	2,876,643	(537,373)
Social Services				
Total Contributions to Other Agencies	1,732,760	1,732,760	1,728,360	4,400
Grants		1,094,852	519,910	574,942
Total Social Services	1,732,760	2,827,612	2,248,270	579,342
Education				
Total Education	101,693,900	101,693,900	101,693,900	<u> </u>
Parks, Recreation, and Culture:				
Total Contributions to Other Agencies	2,780,020	2,780,020	2,780,020	-
Parks Department	1,669,130		1,668,445	10,515
Martin L. Snook Park Pool	126,400		121,655	4,745
Fitness and Recreation	662,940		660,119	2,821
Total Parks, Recreation, and Culture	\$ 5,238,490	\$ 5,248,320	\$ 5,230,239	\$ 18,081

Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance-Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

	Budgete	d Amou	nts		Variance with Final Budget -
	Original		Final	Actual Amounts	Positive (Negative)
Conservation of Natural Resources		_			
Weed Control	\$ 118,630	\$	118,630	\$ 183,196	\$ (64,566)
University of MD Extension Service	210,990		210,990	206,589	4,401
County Cooperative Extension	38,730		38,730	38,730	-
Soil Conservation	75,040		75,040	75,040	-
Gypsy Moth Program	75,000		75,000	10,500	64,500
Total Conservation of Natural Resources	518,390	· 	518,390	514,055	4,335
Highway	8,614,960		8,621,850	9,262,056	(640,206)
General Operations					
Total General Operations	459,030	· <u></u>	443,080	400,480	42,600
Unallocated Employee Insurance and Benefits					
Total Unallocated Employee Insurance and Benefits	1,922,480		1,922,480	2,546,596	(624,116)
Intergovernmental					
Golf Course operating transfer	70,780		70,780	70,780	_
HEPMPO operating transfer	5,970		5,970	4,280	1,690
Land Preservation operating transfer	47,480		47,480	62,161	(14,681)
Water Quality operating transfer	3,206,500		3,206,500	4,214,786	(1,008,286)
Public Transit operating transfer	472,270		472,270	472,270	(1,000,200)
Capital Projects operating transfer	2,715,000		2,715,000	3,615,000	(900,000)
Solid Waste operating transfer	542,500		542,500	542,500	-
Local Management Board operation transfer	307,560		307,560	236,939	70,621
Agricultural Education Center operating transfer	100,000		100,000	100,000	-
Municipality in lieu of bank shares	38,550		38,550	38,543	7
Total Intergovernmental	7,506,610		7,506,610	9,357,259	(1,850,649)
Debt Service					
Total Debt Service	13,357,620		13,357,620	13,588,170	(230,550)
Total Expenditures	197,012,290		199,999,567	201,041,982	(1,042,415)
Francis (D.C.; mar) Of Danson					
Excess (Deficiency) Of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ -	\$	_	266,391	266,391
Experiences	Ψ	Ψ		200,371	200,371
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Principal amount of new debt for advance refunding				6,882,220	6,882,220
Deposit to escrow fund for advance refunding and					
repayment of loans				(6,847,777)	(6,847,777)
Proceeds from capital lease				759,137	759,137
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)				793,580	793,580
Net changes In Fund Balance				1,059,971	\$ 1,059,971
Fund Balance Beginning				37,572,914	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING				\$ 38,632,885	



$Local\ Management\ Board\ -\ Schedule\ of\ Revenue\ and\ Expenditures\ -\ Regulatory\ Basis\ For\ the\ Year\ Ended\ June\ 30,\ 2012$

REVENUE	
Community Partnership Agreement (CPA)	
Governor's Office for Children	\$ 706,675
Non- Community Partnership Agreement (Non-CPA)	
General Fund	236,939
Md State Department of Education	261,729
Total Non-Community Partnership Agreement Revenue	498,668
TOTAL REVENUE	1,205,343
EXPENDITURES	
Community Partnership Agreement (CPA)	
Administrative :	
Salaries	43,919
Benefit costs	21,081
Total CPA administrative expenditures	65,000
Programs:	
Rural Out of School Time Initiative	125,000
Juvenile Delinquency Prevention & Diversion	176,000
Tomorrow's Leaders	64,181
Positive Youth Development Coordination	45,000
Post-Secondary Education & Training Coordination	61,020
Family Centered Support Services	36,000
Regional Family Navigation Program	134,474
Total CPA program expenditures	641,675
Non-Community Partnership Agreement (CPA)	
Administrative:	
Salaries	55,839
Benefit costs	46,655
Comminity Service Awards	4,636
Office supplies	1,961
Travel expenses	1,510
Contracted/Purchased services	3,709
Tuition assistance	2,621
Telephone expenses	788
Other	220
Total non-CPA administrative expenditures	117,939
Programs:	
Teen Pregancy Prevention	119,000
MSDE - Healthy Families	261,729
Total non-CPA program expenditures	380,729
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,205,343
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ -

Local Management Board - Schedule of Earned Reinvestment For the Year Ended June 30, 2012

BALANCE AS OF JULY 1, 2011	\$	408,077
REVENUE		
Interest Earned July-Dec 2011		312
Interest Earned Jan-June 2012		218
TOTAL REVENUE		530
EXPENDITURES		217.210
School Based Health Center at Boonsboro		215,248
Dept of Social Services - Renovations County Family Ctr		29,200
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		244,448
BALANCE AS OF JUNE 30, 2012	_\$_	164,159